

**HILL'S CASCARA QUININE**

**CURES COLDS IN 24 HOURS.**

**CURES LAGRIFFE IN 3 DAYS.**

NO BETTER REMEDY KNOWN FOR HEADACHE.

**35 TABLETS FOR 25 CENTS.**

BE SURE TO GET HILL'S. IT IS THE ONLY GENUINE.

## SENSIBLE SAVING FOR SHREWD SELECTORS.

We run 15 large stores in prominent towns. We purchase immense quantities of the best goods. This big buying advantage we divide with you—making a price on our products that few if any can compete with. We buy nothing below standard quality. Few purchasers go further once they get acquainted with our

## Butter, Cheese, Eggs.

Don't buy at random; we'll give you good reasons for purchasing here.

## AMES' BUTTER AND TEA STORE.

35 CONGRESS ST., PORTSMOUTH.

**OTHER STORES:**

Boston	Fitchburg	Everett	Gloucester	Westfield
Leamster	Quincy	Chilton	Newburyport	Woburn
Attleboro	Dover	Nashua	Northampton	

Henry Peyser & Son offer Timely Bargains in Children's Winter Suits at \$2.50 to \$5.00.

250 Pairs of Knee Pants at 50c and 75c.

All Sorts of Sweaters for Boys, \$1.00 and \$2.00.

500 Pairs of the Famous \$2.00 Pants for Men.

Special Values in Men's Suits at \$8.50 and \$10.00.

Big Trades in Men's Ulsters and Driving Coats at \$7.50 and \$10.00.

## HENRY PEYSER & SON.

## CANVAS LEGGINGS

FOR SPORTSMEN'S USE.

Sizes for Boys and Men. Prices Extremely Low.

## A. P. WENDELL & CO.

2 MARKET SQUARE.

## YOU CERTAINLY WANT THE PUREST FINE OLD KY. TAYLOR WHISKEY

Full Quarts. 8 Years Old.

R. H. HIRSHFIELD, N. E. Agent,  
31 DOANE STREET, BOSTON.

For Sale by Case and Bottle by Globe Grocery Co.

This signature is on every box of the genuine  
**Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets**  
the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

## FOOLISH ROBBER

Kills The Cashier Of A Bank.

Then Blows Out His Brains To Escape Capture.

No Papers Or Articles Were Found On His Body To Identify Him.

Mexico City, Feb. 20.—A daring and foolhardy attempt was made today to rob the London and Mexico bank, one of the strongest financial organizations in the city of Mexico, by an unknown robber, who, after killing the cashier and seeing that he would be captured, blew out his own brains. No papers or articles were found on the body that would tend to identify him, other than that he was an American.

## THE TRIAL OF LAWYER PATRICK

Jones, The Valet, Tells The Details Surrounding The Death of William M. Rice.

New York, Feb. 20.—The dramatic point in the trial of Lawyer Albert T. Patrick for the murder of the Texas millionaire, William Marsh Rice, was reached this afternoon when Charles F. Jones, the valet, told the details surrounding the death of Mr. Rice which, declared the witness, were decided at a conference between Patrick and Jones, held on Saturday night. Jones, in telling the story of the actual killing, said that he made a cone of a towel in the smaller end of which was a chloroform-soaked sponge. Creeping into the room where Mr. Rice was sleeping he quickly covered the sleeper's face with the larger end of the cone and left the room. In half an hour he came back and removed the cone. Mr. Rice was dead. Jones swore that he telephoned to Patrick the words "Mr. Rice is very ill." The agreed signal between the two of death. Jones' story of the end was concluded by the statement that Patrick came to the house and removed all of Mr. Rice's papers.

## THE OCCURRENCES AT BARCELONA.

The Patrie Publishes Several Despatches Relating Thereto.

Paris, Feb. 20.—The Patrie today publishes a despatch dated at Hendaye, France, early this morning, giving a number of reports of the occurrences yesterday at Barcelona. A majority of these reports lack confirmation. In another despatch from Hendaye, later in the day, the Patrie publishes as a local rumor the statement that five hundred persons have been killed and wounded in the suburbs of Barcelona.

## IN CONGRESS.

Senate.

Washington, Feb. 20.—With the exception of a few minutes given to routine business the senate today devoted the entire session to the Philippine question.

## House.

Washington, Feb. 20.—The house spent the day working on the Indian appropriation bill. Forty-two of the sixty-two pages were disposed of. Several amendments were adopted, but they were not of much importance.

## SEISMIC DISTURBANCES RECOMMENCED.

Fresh Volcano Has Begun To Erupt At Shamaka.

London, Feb. 21.—The correspondent of the Daily Mail at St. Petersburg, says that the seismic disturbances at Shamaka have recommenced and that a fresh volcano began vigorously to erupt last Wednesday. The correspondent adds that the number of killed in the Shamaka district is now estimated at five thousand.

## POWDER EXPLODES.

A Child Drops A Live Coal In A Keg of Powder With Dreadful Results.

Owingsville, Ky., Feb. 20.—Three children of John Thompson were instantly killed and another and the mother were fatally injured tonight by the explosion of a keg of blasting powder. Thompson was moving and a keg of powder was among some things put in the kitchen temporarily. One of the children in some manner dropped a coal of fire in the powder.

## FITZ BITTEN BY A DOG.

Setter's Teeth Go Through Ex-Champion's Thumb.

New York, Feb. 20.—Robert Fitzsimmons, while out in a training run with Gus Ruhlin yesterday morning in Bensonhurst, was bitten through the left thumb by a setter dog belonging to Newton Dennington, the turfman, who has a large kennel on Bath beach.

Fitzsimmons, as usual, when doing road work, was accompanied by a favorite dog. This time it was a big Siberian bloodhound, which had an associate, a St. Bernard, which the puglist had recently presented to a neighbor, but which still loves his old master.

While Fitzsimmons and Ruhlin were jogging along the road they were met by Mr. Dennington's carriage, behind which was trotting unconcernedly a setter dog, the family pet. The St. Bernard, which recently saved a little girl from drowning, spied the setter and made a sudden dash for it and grabbed it by the head.

There was a frightened yelp, a deep growl and the snarling dogs were diving canine upper cuts and jabs in the instant. Fitzsimmons, as usual, fearless of animals, wild or tame, rushed to the scene of the squabble and made a grab for the St. Bernard's head to pull him away just as the setter made a vicious snap at his opponent's ear.

Fitzsimmons' thumb was the point of contact of the setter's sharp teeth, which penetrated the member clean through.

Fitzsimmons having in mind his coming fight with Jeffries, appreciated the necessity of immediate treatment and ran to a nearby drug store, where after hot water applications, he applied castor oil and had the wounded thumb bandaged up.

Fitzsimmons' mind any animal's bite about as much as the buzzing of a bath beach mosquito, but he refused to take any chances of having his training interrupted by any dangerous complication which might possibly arise from the wound.

## SHOT IN BACK.

Policeman At Everett, Mass., Receives Bullet From Behind.

Everett, Mass., Feb. 20.—While trying to arrest two suspicious characters here, Patrolman Thomas Keefe was shot in the back and severely wounded by one of the men at 1:30 o'clock this morning. Officer Keefe was patrolling his beat in the business section of the city, when he came across the two men, whose actions he thought suspicious. Not receiving satisfactory answers to his queries as to what the men were doing at that hour, he placed them under arrest. On the way to the police station the men offered resistance and one of them, breaking away, shot the officer in the back, and both men escaped. The firing of the revolver brought assistance to the wounded policeman, who was taken to the Massachusetts General hospital. A search was made for the fugitives and the younger of them was found hiding in a building near the railroad. He was identified by Officer Keefe as one of the men. He gave the name of George Blake, seventeen years of age, living at No. 2 Mansfield court, Charlestown. Two of the Everett police went to Charlestown, and after watching the house for several hours saw a man enter who answered the description given by Officer Keefe.

## TO SAVE HIS NECK.

Prisoner Under Death Sentence Makes Affidavit of Innocence of Another.

Salt Lake, Utah, Feb. 20.—James Lynch, a prisoner under sentence of death in the state penitentiary, made an affidavit to the effect that L. E. King, also under a death sentence, had absolutely nothing to do with the attempted hold-up of a gambling house in this city, in September, 1900, when George Prouse was shot and killed and for which crime Lynch and King were convicted. Lynch was captured during the attempted hold-up and King was arrested a few days later on suspicion of being connected with the affair. He has steadily maintained his innocence, and, being an Italian subject, recently enlisted the aid of the Italian ambassador at Washington to assist in getting his release. An affidavit was secured by King's attorneys after securing another affidavit from Colorado to the effect that a convict named John Strange in the Canon City penitentiary has confessed that he and not King was Lynch's companion during the attempted hold-up.

## SUICIDE BY SHOOTING.

Because Wife of Charles Towne Left Him He Blows His Brains Out.

Nashua, Feb. 20.—Because the young wife whom he had married last June had left him Charles Towne of this city committed suicide by shooting today. For the past five years he had been a grocery clerk here. Recently it had been known that he and his wife did not agree, and last Monday Mrs. Towne withdrew from his home. The man apparently felt this very keenly and became deeply despondent. He did not go to work and this morning with a revolver he ended his life.

## POSITION OF POSTMASTER

Postmaster Of Boston Says It Is Unique.

What A Postmaster Can Do And What He Should Do.

An Interesting Address Before The New England Association of Postmasters.

At the banquet of the New England Postmasters' association in Boston Wednesday, Postmaster Hibbard of Boston gave an interesting talk on the duties of postmasters toward the public, in part he said:

"To begin with, the position of postmaster is somewhat unique among the appointive positions. He, of all officials, is brought more closely in touch with the people, and it seems to me that very fact perhaps is as much to his advantage as anything, and does more to make his administration a success than anything else can do.

"A postmaster can sit, during his term of office, without developing much time to his service, and at its conclusion it may be said of him that he has been most satisfactory official. Then again, the very nature of his office would give him the opportunity, if he were so inclined, to make himself so disagreeable in his manner of meeting the public as to receive its condemnation at the conclusion of his term of office. Thirdly, a postmaster by close attention to the duties of his position and by a universal courtesy towards all, shows an honorable ambition to achieve results which shall be more than merely satisfactory.

"There are certain divisions of the post-office department that, it seems to me, cannot be too strongly impressed upon the mind of the public. I refer to the money order and the registry system. When we hear of the thousands of complaints of missing matter of more or less value in the ordinary mail (in some instances of great value) which can be transmitted through the mail at a minimum risk for so small a fee as the registry fee, it seems to me that no postmaster can say too much, not in defense, but in praise of the efficiency of the system. The percentage of loss of registered mail 43-1000 of one per cent (undoubtedly small) alone is evidence of the benefit of that branch of our service, and I only regret that in large commercial centers an amount of money is not at hand that could be judiciously spent in advertising this system. The same is also true of the money order system.

"The treatment of the public by the associates of a postmaster is to him a most important matter. It makes no difference whether a grievance be just or unjust, for the time being, in the mind of the person who is making the complaint or who supposes he has the grievance it is an all-important matter. The mere fact that the clerks do not receive the courteous treatment at the hands of the public, does not warrant the clerk in attempting to right the wrong by committing another wrong.

"In an office where there is carrier service, I believe that the carrier should be taught that the uniform he wears represents something more than a mere designation of color, that it represents the United States government, and as it is respected by others, so should he respect it, and as far as rests within his power present a neat appearance upon all occasions.

"In the larger offices the special delivery division is an important part of the general make-up, and like all of the other duties imposed upon him by his office, the postmaster should give this feature of the work special attention.

"Special delivery means delivery at once; it does not mean that letters shall be held back by the clerks who handle them and delivery made in a haphazard manner. A patron of the office who invests ten cents in a special delivery stamp does it for a specific purpose.

"In the Boston office an effort was made last year to improve this branch of the service by doing away with the employment of boys as messengers and giving the work to the uniformed substitute carriers, and this change has resulted in far better service in every direction.

"The establishment of sub-stations in a postal district is an important factor in catering to a large constituency, and the postmaster should use a great deal of discretion in placing these sub-stations so that they will do the most good to the largest number of people. It is not fair to other sections of the district to crowd sub-stations within any one part of it.

"It has been our experience in Boston that the press is willing to advance the interests of the postal service by giving freely of its space to the details of the work. A postmaster can find no more satisfactory way of informing his patrons of the changes in postal regulations, of increased facilities, or of other details connected with the service."

Edw. E. Young Howells With Cascara. Candy Caramels, cure constipation forever. No. 24. If C. O. G. is a druggist refund money.

## BRAIN FOOD.

Is Of Little Benefit Unless It Is Digested.

Nearly everyone will admit that as a nation we eat too much meat and too little of vegetables and the grains.

For business men, office men and clerks, and in fact everyone engaged in sedentary or indoor occupations, grains, milk and vegetables are much more healthful.

Only men engaged in a severe, out-



door manual labor can live on a heavy meat diet and continue in health.

As a general rule, meat once a day is sufficient for all classes of men, women and children, and grains, fruit and vegetables should constitute the bulk of food eaten.

But many of the most nutritious foods are difficult of digestion, and it is of no use to advise brain workers to eat largely of grains and vegetables where the digestion is too weak to assimilate them properly.

It is always best to get the best results from our food that some simple and harmless digestive should be taken after meals to assist the relaxed digestive organs, and several years experience have proven Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets to be a very safe, pleasant and effective digestive and a remedy which may be taken daily with the best results.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets can hardly be called a patent medicine, as they do not act on the bowels nor any particular organ but only on the food eaten. They supply what weak stomachs lack, peptic, diastases, and by stimulating the gastric glands increase the natural secretion of hydrochloric acid.

People who make a daily practice of taking one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal are sure to have perfect digestion which means perfect health.

There is no danger of forming an injurious habit as the tablets contain absolutely nothing but natural digestives: coenzyme, morphine and similar drugs have no place in a stomach medicine, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are certainly the best known and most popular of all stomach remedies. Ask your druggist for a fifty cent package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and after a week's use note the improvement in health, appetite and nervous energy.

## A THIEVING EXPRESS MESSENGER.

Steals Between Thirty-five and Forty Thousand Dollars.

Montevideo, Mexico, Feb. 20.—Officers along the border are watching for George McCarthy, a Wells Fargo messenger, who is alleged to have robbed his car at San Luis Potosi. It is said that McCarthy jumped from his car just as the train was leaving San Luis Potosi, and it is claimed that he took with him between thirty-five and forty thousand dollars.

## A \$250,000 FIRE LOSS.

New York, Feb. 20.—The repair shop, machine shop and other buildings of the Fifth avenue branch of the Brooklyn Elevated railroad were burned tonight. The loss will be between \$200,000 and \$250,000.

## OVER \$100,000 OF PROPERTY DESTROYED.

Lafayette, Ind., Feb. 21.—A fire which started just before midnight in the dry goods store of Logan Harvey threatened to wipe out the entire block. Property valued at over \$100,000 has already been destroyed.

## NERVOUSNESS AND NERVE.

The more nervous a man is, the less nerve he has. That sounds paradoxical—but it isn't; for nerve is stamina. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives nerve. It tones the whole system, perfects digestion and assimilation, and is therefore the best medicine a nervous person can take.

If you get tired easily, mentally or physically, take it—it will do you good.

## IS RECOVERING.

Cedric Roy Wood, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. Wood, was able to get out doors Thursday for the first time since he received severe injuries by a fall on the ice while skating a fortnight ago.

## LIBRARY CLOSED SATURDAY.

Patrons of the public library should remember that next Saturday is a holiday and that the library will be closed on that date.

## KITTERY POINT.

It is said that an attempt is soon to be made to straighten the chimney of the power station of the P. K. & Y. street railway. This chimney was set upon some marsh land and has settled quite a little and taken a decided list from the car barn. The undertaking will be no small one and a large amount of material is being teamed to the power station to be used in lifting the chimney. The power station will probably be enlarged and some new machinery installed before another summer.

Rising Star commandery, U. O. G. C., has recently elected the following officers for the ensuing term, the same to be installed at the next regular meeting by D. T. G. C. Robert Billings; N. C. Hattie Lewis; V. N. C. Fannie Tobey; W. H. Julia Tobey; K. of R. Marcia Frisbee; W. P. Hattie Frisbee; F. K. of R. Moses G. Berry; treasurer, Horace Mitchell; W. of I. G. Nettie Terry; W. of O. G. Lizzie Amee. During the past year nearly six thousand dollars have been paid by this commandery in benefits to deceased members.

The lecture at the Second Christian church at Kittery last Thursday evening was a rare treat, and it is indeed a treat at any time to hear such an able divine as the Rev. George W. Gile, the pastor of the Middle street Baptist church at Portsmouth. The speaker has a fine delivery and can hold the closest attention of his audience to the very last word. The pictures aided by a fine stereopticon were excellent, and were in charge of W. L. Traiton, also of Portsmouth.

Capt. Henry A. Marden and Engineer J. Percy Ames, two well known steamboat men, both employed on the ferries of the local street railway, have recently passed successful examinations and been granted much better licenses by the U. S. inspectors. Capt. Marden is now a first class pilot, while Engineer Ames's papers allow him to have charge of steam vessels of 150 tons with the rank of chief engineer.

At their pleasant lodge room on Wednesday evening of last week, Champlinow council, No. 5, Jr. O. U. A. M., held a most interesting session and a fine musical and literary program was given followed by a banquet. The members of this council are past masters in the art of entertaining, and this last attempt was a repetition of their past successes. The membership is large and all the meetings interesting and well attended.

Owing to the illness of the pastor, Rev. H. V. Emmons, there was no service at the Congregational church on Sunday morning. In the evening Rev. George H. Hood of Boston gave an illustrated lecture relative to the modes of living, etc., on the western frontier and incidents in young people's work there. This address was very fine and was listened to by a large audience.

J. Chester Cutts was engaged on Saturday last in hauling several tons of soft coal to Badger's island to be used on the ferryboat Kittery.

Miss Edith Frisbee was unable to attend to her duties at the Austin school at Kittery during a part of last week, owing to illness.

Many of the schools observed the anniversary of the birth of our first martyred president, Abraham Lincoln, on Wednesday of last week.

Quite a few bicycles were seen on the streets on Sunday. Dealers in claims report that the flats have not frozen as hard this winter as they usually do, and that they have been able to meet the demand for this popular bivalve.

The many friends here of Charles Hart of Cambridge, Mass., will be sorry to learn that he is suffering from an abscess in his throat.

The copy for the annual town report is in the hands of the printers and this interesting and important book will probably be printed in time for distribution the Saturday preceding town meeting day.

Mrs. C. E. Johnston entertained the sewing circle of the Congregational church on Wednesday afternoon and evening and the occasion was full of enjoyment. A fine supper was served at six o'clock.

Miss Fannie Milliken of Malden, Mass., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Joseph E. Neal.

## UNIVERSALIST ENTERTAINMENT

On Thursday evening the young ladies of the Universalist church gave a very pleasing entertainment at the church vestry. There was a large number present and all thoroughly enjoyed the evening's program. The program included two very amusing comedies entitled "The Chinese Dummy" and "The Smith Mystery." The characters were taken by the young ladies of the church in a most admirable manner. During the interval between the comedies Curtis and Percy Primerman sang a very pleasing duet, "Side By Side," which was heartily encouraged, to which they responded.

At one side of the vestry was a candy table, prettily adorned with drapings of white and green. Miss Mabel Shedd presided at this table and sold the tempting sweets to the ready purchasers. The affair was a great success and the young ladies may well feel proud of the sum which was realized.

## FREE DINNER TOMORROW.

The Salvation Army tomorrow gives its free dinner to the poor children of the city. All those who have promised contributions are asked to bring them to the court house, between nine and twelve o'clock on Saturday forenoon. The general public is also invited to visit the court house and see for themselves the work that is being done.

## COMMISSION IS SCORED

For Its Enactment of Philippine Sedition Laws

## TRUE SITUATION UNKNOWN

In the Opinion of Senator Patterson, Who Places Little Reliance on Statements of Governor Taft—Question of Sectarianism Brought Forward

Washington, Feb. 21.—With the exception of a few minutes given to routine business, the senate yesterday devoted its entire session to the Philippine question. Mr. Patterson, one of the minority members of the Philippine committee, delivered his first extended speech in the senate and was given a most attentive and careful hearing.

He discussed principally the sedition laws enacted by the Philippine commission, vigorously attacking the authority of the commission to enact and enforce such laws. He maintained that congress alone had the power to put in force enactments of that character.

He declared that the Philippine commission had outraged every United States statute it had attempted to follow and had made its own enactments tyrannical because there had been evidently a deliberate purpose to make offenses where none had been defined by the United States statutes. He denounced the "devilish malignancy" of the Philippine commission displayed when it attempted to copy the United States statutes and incorporated other and extraneous matters.

Mr. Patterson declared that only four of the 15 acts of the Philippine commission relating to conspiracy against the United States had any resemblance to the statutes of the United States. The remainder, he held, were taken bodily from the statutes of Spain as enacted by the Spanish cortes. He declared, after analyzing the enactments, that no greater outrage could be inflicted upon a people than the enforcement of the sedition laws enacted by the Philippine commission. Acts more tyrannical, more unconstitutional, and more inimical to the interests of the people, he asserted, never were enacted, and they ought to be repealed immediately by act of congress.

He compared information furnished by the executive departments of the government with some of the statements of Governor Taft in his testimony before the Philippine commission with respect to the capabilities of the Philippine people, and declared, with some heat, his belief that Governor Taft misrepresented the true situation in the islands for motives unknown.

He asserted that if the six million of Christians in the Philippines were Protestant Christians the cruelties practiced on them by the American authorities would have to stop, and no member of congress would be able to withstand the wrath of the Methodists, Baptists and Presbyterians of this country.

Mr. Nelson presented a legal and constitutional argument in support of this government's action in the Philippines and sharply criticized Mr. Patterson for injecting into the controversy the question of sectarianism.

Mr. McMillen urged that congress should not bind the future now by a declaration of a definite policy regarding the Philippines, and it was desirable that all possible information should be in hand before a permanent policy was determined upon.

The house spent the day working on the Indian appropriation bill. Several amendments were adopted, but none of much importance. An amendment to strike out the appropriation for the Carlisle school became the text for a general onslaught on the practice of educating Indians in eastern schools. The amendment was defeated. Just before the close of the session, Mr. Fitzgerald (N. Y.) made an attack on the superintendent of the school at Mount Pleasant, Mich., who, he said, was charged with permitting the debauching of Indian girls. Mr. Sherman, chairman of the Indian committee, promised to make an investigation at the Indian office.

## Blue and Gray Inter-sect

Washington, Feb. 21.—Members of the Frederickburg, Va., National Park association called at the White House yesterday and saw the president on the subject of making the ground in and around Frederickburg a great national park. The president said that he was in hearty accordance with the project. The association is composed of ex-Union and ex-Confederate officers.

## A Record-Breaking Run

Lancaster, Pa., Feb. 21.—An express train on the Pennsylvania railroad made a record-breaking run on the trip from Harrisburg to Philadelphia last night, making the run of 165 miles in 165 minutes, including a stop here of three minutes, or an actual running time of 162 minutes. The train consisted of five Pullman coaches.

## Colombians In a Conflict

Panama, Feb. 21.—It is positively known here that the government and the revolutionary forces are fighting. Varied and numerous reports have reached here of this engagement, but they all lack confirmation. The forces are between 30 and 40 miles southwest of Panama.

## Stricken With Paralysis

Washington, Feb. 21.—Justice Gray of the supreme court has suffered an attack of paralysis, but it is stated that there is every reason to expect his recovery. His mind is clear, but he has lost the muscular control of a part of his body.

## SURBRIDGE IS MISSING

Default Entered Against the Boston Attorney and Financier

Boston, Feb. 21.—The initial litigation against Randolph C. Surbridge, the attorney whose flight from the city has produced chaos among creditors and clients, throws a sidelight on the means employed to further his schemes. In the suits brought to the attention of the court yesterday plaintiffs seek to get money which they claim Surbridge owes them.

In the equity session of the superior court today for the plaintiffs appeared before Judge Bailey and moved that a default be entered against the defendant in each action. The court granted the motion and the cases go to judgment by default.

Cora E. Clay alleges that Surbridge gave her four checks, each for \$100, payable on the United States Trust company, and that when she presented them she ascertained that there were no funds in that institution standing in the name of R. C. Surbridge. She sues to recover on the checks.

Arthur I. Dean delivered to Surbridge a mortgage on certain real estate to the amount of \$2500, with the mortgage note, for the purpose of having the latter call the same and return the proceeds less the charges for services, which had been agreed upon as \$50. The plaintiff alleges that Surbridge did not make the sale, but instead transferred the mortgage to another party, to secure a loan which he obtained for his own personal use.

Frequent demands were made by the plaintiff upon the defendant for the money, but invariably he would receive promise of payment "in a short time." Subsequent payments were made by Surbridge to the plaintiff, but there is a balance of \$2100 due to the plaintiff, which he seeks to collect by this suit.

## Two Children Burned to Death

Worcester, Mass., Feb. 21.—Vera and Charles Loden, 3 and 4 years, respectively, were burned to death at 2 o'clock this morning in a fire which destroyed the Rose Pettit orphanage. In his city. A general alarm was sounded at 1:40 and the firemen arrived in time to "rescue" with the aid of Mrs. Pettit, eight children from the building. Mrs. Pettit was burned about the face and hands during her effort to save the little ones. The fire started from the furnace, and catching in an air shaft, went to the second floor of the building where the children were asleep. The property loss is heavy.

## To Investigate Fire Department

Haverhill, Mass., Feb. 21.—At a meeting of the board of aldermen last evening Chief Gordon of the fire department formally asked that a thorough investigation be made into his administration of affairs of the department during the past year. There have been numerous rumors to the effect that favoritism had been displayed by Chief Gordon toward certain men. The aldermen voted to grant the chief's request.

## Refused to Be Vaccinated

Boston, Feb. 21.—Charles K. Cote was sent to Charles Street jail yesterday to serve a 15-day sentence because he refused to submit to vaccination when ordered to do so by the board of health, and because he refused to pay the fine of \$5 which Judge Brown imposed. A smallpox patient had been taken out of Cote's house. When released he will be re-arrested unless he gets vaccinated.

## Keefe's Assaults Held

Malden, Mass., Feb. 21.—George E. Blake and Edward Carter were arraigned in the Malden court yesterday and held in \$2000 each, for a hearing on March 11. The men are charged with assault with intent to kill. Patrons of Keefe of Everett. Officer Keefe is reported as resting comfortably and doctors think he will recover.

## Exchange of Bank Stock

Boston, Feb. 21.—At special meetings yesterday of the stockholders of the Washington and Suffolk National banks both passed formal votes ratifying the action taken by the directors in deciding to liquidate the banks. The stock of both banks has practically been all turned in for exchange for that of the new Suffolk.

## Didn't Agree as to Wages

Fall River, Mass., Feb. 21.—A meeting of the Fall River Manufacturers' association was held yesterday, the principal purpose being to perfect the wage agreement entered into last October. The manufacturers are far from being of one mind on this subject and no definite action was taken.

## Steamer Captain Dropped Dead

Portland, Me., Feb. 21.—Captain John Bennett of the steamer Manhattan dropped dead last night from heart disease on board the steamer just as she was about to sail to New York. Captain Bennett was 60 years of age and has been connected with the Maine Steamship company for 20 years.

## Anxiety Over Missing Barges

Providence, Feb. 21.—Much anxiety is felt here for the safety of the barges Western Belle and Junata, which broke away from tug Mark last Tuesday. Both vessels were embayed, bound for this port. The Western Belle carries a crew of five men and the Junata has four men aboard.

## Scarboro Is Searched

Scarboro, Me., Feb. 21.—Roy Skillings, aged 23, has smallpox and his family of five are quarantined. He has been allowed freely with the people of the town. Schools have been closed and all gatherings of a public character have been forbidden.

## Most Serious Stage Passed

Woonsocket, R. I., Feb. 21.—The smallpox epidemic is now considered by the board of health to have passed its most serious stage. In 115 cases there have been two deaths, and at the present time 84 persons are under quarantine.

## MARTIAL LAW IN SPAIN

Government Is Facing a Most Grave Crisis

## RIOTING AT BARCELONA

Where Five Hundred Persons Are Reported to Have Been Killed—Serious Disorders in Several of the Large Cities—Strike Movement Spreading

London, Feb. 21.—A message to the Exchange Telegraph company from Barcelona, via L'Orpagan, France, says a fierce battle has been fought between the troops and the rioters in the suburb of Barcelona known as Suro. Before the engagement the cavalry and infantry had been posted in the most dangerous points and a field battery had been located on the plaza from which vantage point the guns could sweep the surrounding streets.

When the final clash with the troops occurred, continued the dispatch, the artillery was brought into action and raked street after street. The rioters engaged the batteries at close range, but were finally driven off. It is reported that 500 persons were killed and wounded on both sides. The entire neighborhood was wrecked by the shells. The ruins caught fire and this completed the destruction.

Further fighting is reported at Mataro (15 miles from Barcelona) where a quantity of arms have been discovered. Fighting is also reported at Tortosa and Tarragona, respectively 100 and 50 miles southwest of Barcelona.

Madrid, Feb. 21.—Premier Sagasta is preparing a decree establishing martial law throughout Spain. The significance of the decree, it is believed, will be followed by an extreme national crisis. It is said that arms and ball cartridges were served out last night to the troops in Madrid, who are in readiness to start at a moment's notice.

According to telegrams from Barcelona, the street fighting there continues. A proclamation has been issued ordering all private individuals to surrender any weapons they may possess, under pain of severe penalty. The sale of arms has also been prohibited.

Forty workmen's association have been dissolved and the members of their committees arrested. The dwellings of the strike leaders and of anarchists are being registered and put under guard. The battleship Pelayo has been ordered to Barcelona.

The military engineers have resumed control of the street car service and a few cars, half filled with soldiers, are running. Even the funeral coaches have to be protected by the police. No letters have been delivered in Barcelona in three days and in some parts of the town business is completely paralyzed.

A pitched battle occurred in the outskirts of the city between the strikers and the military escort attached to several wagons that were bringing in provisions. The rails have been torn up to prevent trains from entering the city.

The strike movement has begun to spread seriously. At Castellon de la Plana the strikers set fire to two factories. The factories were burned.

At Saragossa most of the factories have already closed on the demands of the workmen and the strikers are bringing pressure to bear to compel the factories still remaining open to close their doors. The captain general of Saragossa has wired for reinforcements.

Martial law has already been proclaimed at Manresa, about 30 miles from Barcelona, and at Saragossa. At the latter place the troops have occupied a strategic position in order to check the disturbances.

Owing to the strict censorship over news from Barcelona, it is difficult to ascertain the real state of affairs there. It is quite certain, however, that all the efforts of the authorities to persuade the labor leaders into a conciliatory attitude have so far failed, and the extension of the strike movement is more likely than its restriction.

In addition to the labor movement, the ever-present Catalan home rule agitation is likely to prove a serious factor in the situation.

The government declines to publish figures of the casualties in the riots of Tuesday and Wednesday. It is inferred, from private information received here, that 40 persons were killed and 200 wounded during the encounters of those days, and that 500 arrests have been made. All persons who were slightly wounded were concealed by their friends in order to avoid prosecution. Women took a prominent share in the riots and were more violent than the men.

The telegraph lines have been cut between Sabadell and Tarrasa. It is feared the strike will next extend to Seville and Verona, and a ministerial crisis is not an unlikely outcome of the crisis.

## Woman Frightened to Death

New York, Feb. 21.—Mrs. Martha Martin lost her life by reason of a fire which burned the buildings occupied by the Shawnee club, a political organization, and several families. Though Mrs. Martin's body was badly burned it is believed fright killed her. Mrs. Lieberich jumped from a window and is not expected to live.

## No Olive Branch From Rosebery

London, Feb. 21.—As an outcome of the polemic concerning the relations between Messrs. Campbell-Bannerman, Rosebery and the Liberal party, Rosebery has written to The Times declaring frankly that he remains outside of Campbell-Bannerman's tabernacle, but not, he thinks, in solitude.

## To Woo Sleep

Victims of sleeplessness often try to put themselves to sleep and fail. Try persuading yourself that you are trying to keep awake.

## ADMINISTRATION'S VIEWS

Regarding Cuban Reciprocity Put Forth in Debate Proposition

Washington, Feb. 21.—The Republican members of the ways and means committee were in private conference for three hours yesterday on the subject of Cuban reciprocity, and although the conference went over without action until today the members found themselves for the first time in possession of a proposition commanding considerable strength and understood to represent the attitude of the administration. This was brought forward by Representative Long of Kansas, and authorized the president, when Cuba was prepared to grant 40 percent reduction in duties on United States exports to the island, to grant to Cuba a similar reduction of 40 percent on all the products of the island coming to the United States.

Various suggestions were put forward and discussed, but none took definite form beyond that of Mr. Long. It is understood that the issue is likely to be made on this proposition, since it is believed to represent the concessions the administration believes should be granted on each side.

## Says \$122,000 Was Stolen

Havana, Feb. 21.—The fiscal began summing up for the prosecution yesterday in the case of the Cuban postal frauds. He withdrew the charges against Estes G. Rathbone of issuing duplicate warrants and charged the issuing of these warrants to Reeves and Neely. He maintained the charges of conspiracy and extravagance against Rathbone. He declared that there was no doubt that \$122,000 had been stolen. He said that Rathbone must have known of these irregularities or stealings and showed that intimacy existed between Neely, Reeves and Rathbone.

## Taft Pleads For Barracks

Washington, Feb. 21.—Governor Taft continued to discuss the climatic conditions in the Philippines yesterday before the senate Philippine commission. Reverting to what he had said concerning the health of the American troops in the Philippines, Governor Taft said that much of the sickness which does exist is due to exposure, and he incidentally made an appeal for liberal appropriations for the construction of barracks and for the protection of officers and men.

## Charges Union With Conspiracy

Cincinnati, Feb. 21.—Vice President Rolandell of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen has sent his resignation to the national headquarters. He declares that the pending trouble with the Brewery Workers' union here is a conspiracy on the part of the stationary engineers and firemen to wreck the Brewery Workers' union and that he can no longer endorse the action of his union.

## "Demoralized" but Will Fight

London, Feb. 21.—The Pretoria correspondent of The Times says there is no doubt the Boers in the eastern Transvaal colony are greatly demoralized, and that they are so hard pressed that many are reluctant to continue the struggle. In spite of these indications, however, there is no ground for believing that the war will be immediately over, continues The Times correspondent.

## Workmen Practically Prisoners

Youngstown, O., Feb. 21.—The United States Steel corporation has sworn in a detective force at the National Steel company's plant here, to protect its property and keep in close touch with the men. No one will be admitted to the works except on a pass from the office and no employee will be allowed to leave during working hours except on orders from a supervisor.

## Almost Ready to Ratify

Washington, Feb. 21.—It was arranged yesterday between Lord Pauncefote and Secretary Hay that the final ratification of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty shall be exchanged here as soon as the mechanical work of preparing the exchange copies can be executed. The British government has conveyed to its ambassador full authority to conclude this arrangement.

## Thieving Express Messenger

Monterey, Mex., Feb. 21.—The officers along the border are watching for George McCarthy, a Wells Fargo messenger, who is alleged to have robbed his car. The story of the disappearance of McCarthy, as told by the officers, is that he jumped from his car just as the train was leaving San Luis Potosi and it is claimed took with him between \$35,000 and \$40,000.

## Value of Domestic Animals

Washington, Feb. 21.—The census bureau in a report on domestic animals, fowls and bees in the United States on June 1, 1900, announces that all the domestic animals in the United States have a probable value of at least \$3,200,000,000. Of this amount the value of the animals on farms and ranges constitute over 93 percent and those not on farms 7 percent.

## A Jealous Lover's Deed

Philadelphia, Feb. 21.—Gertie Goshie was shot and instantly killed at her home by George Sutton, aged 21, who afterwards shot himself in the breast. He is in a dangerous condition. Sutton had paying attention to Miss Goshie and became insanely jealous of her.

## The Loss in Artificial Lights

It is stated that in candlelight, lamp-light or gaslight the waste is more than 50 percent. In other words, if they could be so obtained as not to throw anything away they would give nearly a hundred times the illumination which they do afford. Even the electric light is mostly waste.

## To Woo Sleep

Victims of sleeplessness often try to put themselves to sleep and fail. Try persuading yourself that you are trying to keep awake.

## BRACE OF SCOUNDRELS

Deliberately Planned Death of Millionaire Rice

## JONES TELLS HIS STORY

Victim Was Not Failing Fast Enough to Suit Lawyer Patrick, So Mercury Was Resorted To—Object Finally Accomplished With Chloroform

New York, Feb. 21.—The dramatic point in the trial of Albert T. Patrick for the murder of the Texas millionaire, William Marsh Rice, was reached yesterday afternoon when Charles F. Jones, the valet, told the details surrounding the death of Mr. Rice.

"Some time in August," Jones said, Patrick asked me if I did not think Rice was living too long for our own welfare. He thought it would be a good thing if we could put him out of the way. He said if I'd tell him some night when Mr. Rice was sleeping soundly he'd come up and do it if I would not. Something was said about getting chloroform and Patrick said it was very hard to get; that one had to have all sorts of certificates before the druggists would sell it. I told Patrick he could leave that to me. I sent my brother \$5 and he sent me chloroform in a four-ounce bottle.

Jones wrote to his brother again, he said, this time at Patrick's suggestion, and got two ounces more of chloroform. "Every time I saw Patrick," continued the witness, "he asked me if Rice was failing and seemed very much disappointed when I told him Rice was gaining strength." Jones said he gave Rice mercurial pills to hasten the end, but they did not produce the desired result.

Jones told of the visit of Mrs. Van Alstyne, a friend of Rice's. She brought in some bananas and he ate some of them. They made him very ill and Dr. Curry was called in. That was about 10 days before his death. "On the Wednesday or Thursday before his death," the witness went on, "he took another mercurial pill. The next day he was very sick and on Saturday he was delirious. Dr. Curry visited him and gave him some medicine."

I told Patrick over the telephone all that occurred and at his invitation met him at a restaurant, where we had lunch. I told him a draft for \$25,000 had arrived from the oil well. Patrick told me to get back to the house and if I wanted him later to call him up at the Y. M. C. A. I returned to the house. Dr. Curry was there and Mr. Rice was still asleep. Dr. Curry told me that Mr. Rice was very sick, but that he would pull through with good care. The next day, Sunday, Dr. Curry said Mr. Rice was getting along well, but must be careful as to his food. Patrick told me to let him know what Dr. Curry said and I did so. Patrick said he had some calomel and that he would get it for me to give Rice. He took me to his room, where he took two bottles from his pocket and told me to give the acid to Rice in 20 parts of water. He told me to be careful of the mixture as it would corrode his throat, but in that proportion it would be tasteless and would paralyze his heart. I took it to Rice's room and made a mixture. Rice tasted the mixture, but did not like it. That was late in the afternoon of Sunday, the day Mr. Rice died. He fell once when he tried to leave his chair. I picked him up and laid him on his bed and he went to sleep.

"I wrote a telegram and went to send it. I telephoned Patrick and he came to the telephone office. Patrick said it was time to give Rice the chloroform. Now that the draft had arrived, from Texas and Captain Baker was coming we should lose all we had gained if Rice was not put away at once. I objected that I had never agreed to do anything of that sort, but Patrick insisted and I yielded. I made a cone of a towel saturated with chloroform and went into Rice's room. He was still sleeping. I put the cone over his face and ran out of the room."

"There was a violent ring at the door bell just then and I looked out and saw someone. I think it was a woman, but I was too excited to be sure. I went back to Rice's room. He was lying just as I had left him. I took the towel off his face and burned it. Then I opened all the windows and telephoned to Patrick."

"Patrick had told me to say if all was over that Mr. Rice was very ill and that was the message I gave. Patrick said he would come over, but that he did not want to get there before Dr. Curry arrived. They reached the house together. I met them and told them 'He is dead.' Patrick exclaimed 'Oh, my God. That is the worst thing that could have happened to me.' He told me beforehand that he intended to say that to deceive Dr. Curry."

"The doctor said we would need an undertaker and Patrick said: 'Yes, and a death certificate.' Dr. Curry made out the certificate and the undertaker was sent for."

Jones' story of the end was corroborated by the statement that Patrick removed all of Rice's papers.

## Thirty Thousand at Church Service

Rome, Feb. 21.—The pope yesterday entered upon the 25th year of his pontificate. The singing of the Te Deum in St. Peter's was the most impressive service in years. Over 30,000 persons listened to the service.

## Resignation Rumors Denied

Washington, Feb. 21.—Reports having been circulated that Attorney General Knox has decided to resign, it can be stated that they are absolutely without foundation in fact.

## CLOSE OF SCHLEY CASE

Nav. Dept. Marked by Retirement of Secretary Long From Office

Washington, Feb. 21.—Now that the Schley matter has been settled officially it is understood that Secretary Long feels he is at liberty to carry out the project cherished by him in the last year of President McKinley's administration to retire to private life. However, this is not expected to ensue at once, for there is no certain knowledge of what may follow in congress, notwithstanding a strong belief by the administration that the Schley case is settled beyond revival.

Secretary Long has received the following personal note from the White House, dated Feb. 19 and signed by Secretary Cortelyou, announcing the president's action in the case of Admiral Schley:

"The president requests me to state that, after a full and most careful consideration of the appeal of Admiral Schley and of the answer submitted thereto, by the navy department through you, he has made the enclosed memorandum on the case, which he directs shall be filed therewith, and the case treated as closed."

## Burglars Capture Crack Soldiers

London, Feb. 21.—A detachment of the Scots Greys (Second Dragoons) one of Great Britain's crack dragoon regiments, has been cut up by the Boers at Kippdam. Major Beiden and Captain Tischer were severely wounded, two men were killed, six were wounded and 40 were captured. The news was received from Lord Kitchener in a dispatch dated Feb. 19. The Boers released the Scots Greys who had been made prisoners.

## Vandalism of Freshies

Princeton, N. J., Feb. 21.—In censuring the Princeton freshmen who on Tuesday night painted their class animals on the battle monument at Trenton President Patton said yesterday: "I wish to express my unmitigated contempt and horror at the action of those freshmen who have brought this disgrace upon the university. The university could well get along without the students who have brought upon it such dishonor."

## Reed as Gubernatorial Candidate

New York, Feb. 21.—The Sun, as the mouthpiece of Senator Platt, who would not be displeased if Governor Odell failed of re-nomination next autumn, notes "a vague idea in certain Republican circles" that Mr. Reed, the former speaker of the house, but now a resident of New York, "might make a good candidate to be nominated for governor by the Republicans at the state convention next September."

## Fireman Ground to Fragments

Binghamton, N. Y., Feb. 21.—A work crew with a heavy snowplow and two engines was attempting to clear the railroad track near Preble yesterday when the head engine left the track and went ahead for some distance. Fireman Nagle was on the tender and was caught between it and the engine. His body was literally ground to fragments. Four men inside the snowplow were more or less hurt.

## Planning War Against Rodents

Reelin, Feb. 21.—The destruction of rats throughout the empire, so far as this is practicable, is under consideration by the imperial health department. The object is to mitigate the danger of contagious diseases. Dr. Koch, the eminent bacteriologist, has been commissioned to devise the tactics of the campaign to this end, which will be begun in the seaports.

## Seasoned Crook In Custody

Jackson, Miss., Feb. 21.—A prisoner in jail here, James Seymour, who is charged with burglary, has been identified as one of the convicts who escaped from the federal prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., last November. In addition to the burglary Seymour is accused of stealing \$8000 from the safe in the office of the sheriff of Newton county.

## The Kroonland Afloat

Philadelphia, Feb. 21.—Steamship Kroonland was launched at Cramps shipyard. Loaded, the craft will have a displacement of 20,000 tons. The Kroonland is the largest vessel thus far built in the United States and the third of the quartette of twin screw vessels constructed for the International Navigation company's New York-Antwerp service.

## Is Wanted at Lynn

Harrisburg, Feb. 21.—The requisition of Governor Crane of Massachusetts for the extradition of George W. Clarke of Pittsburgh was granted yesterday by Governor Stone. Clarke is accused of passing worthless checks on merchants in Lynn, Mass.

## Five Thousand Earthquake Victims

St. Petersburg, Feb. 21.—The seismic disturbances at Shamanka have recommenced and a fresh volcano began vigorously to erupt last Wednesday. The number killed in the Shamanka district is now estimated at 5000.

## NEWS IN BRIEF

Captain Edward Chamblain, one of the best known scouts during the Indian wars in the northwest, died at Portland, Ore., aged 81.

Emperor William has commanded Professor Roehling to paint a picture of the scene near the Chinese arsenal when Admiral Seymour, commander of the Peking relief expedition, gave the order: "The Germans to the front!"

The Schuylerville, N. Y., Paper company's employees, numbering 100, protesting against working Saturday nights and Sundays, are on strike.

At a meeting of the Maine Democratic state committee it was voted to hold the state convention in Bangor on June 17.

Count Tolstol, who has recently been gravely ill, is now said to be out of danger.

## SEEK SUNKEN RICHES.

Company Formed to Drain Lake Nemi For Roman Palaces.

## MILLIONS SQUANDERED ON TOY.

Search to Be Made For Floating Gardens of Caligula, Says W. E. Curtis. Vessels With Wealth of Jewels, Gold and Silver, Built by Profligate Emperor, Tempt Modern Hunters.

A company with a capital of \$100,000 has been organized for the purpose of draining Lake Nemi, a small body of water occupying what was once the crater of a volcano in the Alban hills, upon the estate of Prince Orsini, about thirty-two miles from Rome, says William E. Curtis, the special correspondent of the Chicago Record-Herald. The object of draining the lake is to recover two enormous floating gardens, or houseboats, of the most extraordinary character, which were built and used by the crazy Emperor Caligula about forty years after Christ. The historian Suetonius tells us that Caligula squandered in fantastic schemes during a single year the sum of 2,700,000,000 sesterces (equivalent to about \$100,000,000 of our money), that had been left him by Tiberius and describes among other remarkable toys constructed for his amusement floating gardens of cedar wood adorned with jeweled prows, rich sculpture, vessels of gold and silver, sails of purple silk, bathrooms of alabaster and bronze and other equally novel and costly features. Upon these floating gardens were vineyards and fruit trees. They were not only places of amusement, but temples in which the mad emperor worshipped himself. The floors were paved with glass mosaic, the window and door frames were of bronze, many of the decorations were of almost priceless value, and the ordinary equipments were of beautiful design and costly workmanship.

These floating palaces were attached to the shore by chains, and bridges were stretched across the water for purposes of communication. Upon them occurred some of the most extraordinary crimes that a human being ever indulged in, in which cruelty, murder and the most revolting depravity were mingled with music and sport.

For some reason or another, probably during the wars that followed the reign of Caligula, these palaces were sunk and now lie in the mud 200 yards distant from each other in five fathoms of water. One is 150 feet in length and 60 feet in width, and the other about 250 feet long and 20 feet wide.

The first attempt to raise them was made in the thirteenth century, but it was found impossible. In 1440 Cardinal Prospero Colonna employed Leon Batista Alberti, the greatest engineer of that period, but his mechanical appliances were wholly inadequate. He used pontoon bridges, windlasses and inflated bladders. In 1535 Francesco de Marelli of Bologna, a great military engineer, the inventor of the modern system of fortifications, made another attempt, an account of which is given in his work on "Military Architecture." He was unable to do anything

APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE

Light Will Be Thrown Upon Republican Tyranny and Perfidy.

CIVILIZATION BY THE BAYONET.

How the American People Were Wheedled in the Philippine Affair. Shall the Passion of an Hour Fix the Destinies of This Republic Forever?

During the course of his remarks in the United States senate on the Philippine tariff bill Senator Edward W. Carmack of Tennessee said: John Bright, the great English statesman, once said that the greatest danger to our institutions is surprise—the danger that some bold and brilliant leader will commit his party and the country to some new policy that has never been maturely considered and accepted. I ask in all seriousness if we are not today in the midst of the very danger against which we were solemnly warned? Who does not believe that in the sudden adoption of this policy the whole country and even the Republican party were not taken by surprise? Who can pretend that it was ever maturely considered and accepted? If at any time before the thunder of Dewey's guns in Manila bay it had been proposed that this country enter upon a policy of foreign conquest, that it should become a ruler of tropical archipelagoes and the tyrant of distant provinces, the proposal would have shocked the national conscience and would have been overwhelmed in one universal voice of protest and condemnation. The very thought would have been impossible to any considerable number of the American people except when their blood was fevered with the passion of war. Mr. President, we shall not consent that the passion of a single hour shall fix the destinies of this republic forever.

We are told that the supreme court of the United States has decided this question against us; but, Mr. President, the two founders of the two great political parties now existing in this country rejected with scorn the proposition that the decisions of that high tribunal should be binding upon their consciences as a rule of political action. We do not intend that they shall be binding upon ours. It is true, sir, that five members of that court wrangled and jangled their way to a decision against our view of the constitutional power of congress. It is equally true that four members of the court, in strong and harmonious opinions, concurred in our view. We shall not agree that the four members of the court were necessarily wrong and that the five members were necessarily right simply because five is a greater number than four.

The minority of this committee hold and have expressed the view that it is at last the duty of congress to restrain itself within the limitations of the constitution and to firmly reject any judicial grant of arbitrary and unlimited power. We are told, Mr. President, that the people of the country have finally decided this question against us. If it be true that the country has conclusively decided against the principles for which we contend, then it is a sadder day for the country than it is for the Democratic party. I have no desire that the Democratic party should live except to defend those great principles and serve those high purposes for which this government was formed. If this republic is to perish, God forbid that the Democratic party should survive.

When Samuel grieved because his people turned from a government established in divine wisdom and demanded that they should be ruled by a king like the heathen nations of the world, the Lord said unto Samuel: "They have not rejected thee. They have rejected me." Mr. President, if the country has indeed rejected the principles for which we now contend, it has not rejected the Democratic party. It has rejected the Declaration of Independence; it has rejected the principles of the constitution; it has rejected all those high conceptions of human government which have given life and power and purpose to this American republic.

But, Mr. President, the people have not adjudged this question. Under our system of party government it is impossible to present any single naked issue to the people and to obtain a verdict upon that question alone. We know that there are many men of the highest character, men of high power and influence in the Republican party, like the distinguished senior senator from Massachusetts, Mr. Hoar; like the late speaker of the house of representatives, like ex-President Harrison, like ex-Secretary Sherman, ex-Senator Edmunds and other men of great weight and power and influence, who were as utterly opposed to this policy as we were, and yet who gave their earnest support to the Republican candidate in that campaign. We know that other men of great influence who have heretofore acted with the Democratic party, men like ex-President Cleveland and ex-Secretary Carlisle, who were in entire harmony with us upon this question, still refused to act with the Democratic party. We know that the same is true of a very large and powerful section of the press of the country. We know that the German press and the German voters, almost to a paper and almost to a man, were opposed to your policy upon this question, and yet almost to a man they supported the Republican party. Finally, Mr. President, we know that the one controlling fact, the one irre-

versible fact against which we dashed ourselves in vain, was the fact that we had financial depression and industrial disaster under the Democratic administration of Mr. Cleveland and prosperity and good times under the administration of Mr. McKinley. I do not believe that the Democratic party was to blame for the one fact, and I do not believe that the Republican party was entitled to the credit for the other. But the arguments based on these facts were mighty and did prevail. The people, in fact, did vote for imperialism, but they only intended to vote for "the full dinner pail."

In addition to that, Mr. President, the war party, when it has control of the government, has a great advantage over its adversaries. This is due not only to the fact that war calls to the surface the worst passions of mankind, but it is due also to the fact that at such a time the war party has almost complete control of the sources of knowledge by which public opinion is instructed and informed, and it is also almost impossible, sir, for any party or any administration to resist the temptation to use this power for its own benefit. We have had illustrated at the time of the Afghan war in 1840—a war in which there was a great catastrophe to the English arms—a disaster that may be described in the simple statement that out of a moving host of 16,000 who set out on their retreat from Kabul only one man reached his destination to tell the story of massacre and of destruction. The English people were enraged. The dispatches laid before parliament were mutilated by the government, and the people were made to believe that the war was due simply to the innate devilishness of the Afghan ruler and his people. Years afterward, when the full dispatches were published and when all the facts were known, it was revealed that the Afghan ruler from an attitude of entire friendliness had been goaded to fury and desperation by the base and blundering perfidy of the British government.

In 1857 a British fleet threw shot and shell into the city of Canton, China, for three weeks. Men like Gladstone and Disraeli and the present Marquis of Salisbury denounced the action of the government in this matter. They were held up to execration for supporting an "insolent barbarian" who had "insulted the British flag" and defied the authority of the British government. Upon that issue Lord Palmerston swept proudly back to power. But after the thing was all over the fact was shown to be that the only offense this Chinese governor had committed against the British government was to arrest a number of Chinese criminals on Chinese vessels in Chinese waters.

The same story has been repeated in the South African war. Mr. President, we have had a like condition of affairs in the Philippines. At the very time when a new policy, an unheard of policy, was being pressed upon the country, when it was of the most vital importance that the people should have full and accurate knowledge, not one scrap of information in regard to conditions and affairs in the Philippines could reach them until it had been first sifted through the fingers of a censor whose instruction, as he himself avowed, was to let nothing go that might hurt the Republican party. It was not in any sense a military censorship. It was a censorship established by and for and in the interest of the Republican party. The correspondents of the newspapers there, most of them representing Republican newspapers, newspapers entirely in sympathy with the administration, united in the statement that not only were important matters of fact continually suppressed, but that absolute falsehoods were written by the censor in the body of their reports in order to deceive the American people.

There was no claim, sir, that those reports were untrue. There was no claim, as has been sometimes pretended in this country, that it would give information to the Filipinos. It was never pretended that it would affect the military situation in the Philippines. It was simply claimed that it would affect the political situation in the United States to the disadvantage of the party in power. They simply said in substance, "We want the American people to give their support to this war and to this policy, but if we permit them to know the facts, if we allow the truth to be told, this policy will become odious and the American people will not approve it."

Mr. President, the principle upon which that censorship was conducted may be shown by a single instance. When the correspondents went to the censor with a simple matter of fact, statement about the silver currency of that country, that high and mighty official at once drew forth his blue pencil and said: "No. I can not let that go. That would be a boost for Bryan, and my orders are to let nothing go that will hurt the administration." It was not until after long argument and great difficulty that they were able to persuade him that this item had no relation whatever to the sixteen to one proposition in the United States, and not until he was so convinced would he let it be transmitted. Mr. President, the Republican party may rejoice in a sentiment thus created. They may rejoice in a sentiment created by the suppression of free speech, by the dissemination of falsehood, by editing of newspapers of the United States with a bayonet; but I tell you such is not the kind of sentiment by which final and irrevocable verdicts are rendered. We intend, if possible, that light shall be thrown upon every nook and corner of that Philippine situation, and then, sir, we shall appeal to the fuller knowledge and wiser judgment of the American people.

ARIZONA KICKLETS.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF INTERESTING ITEMS FROM THE GULCH.

The Editor of The Kicker is an Independent as Ever and Still Continues to Grind Out Lively Bits of News For His Many Readers.

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WE have found nothing in the rules to postmasters up to the present date whereby a postmaster is debarred from keeping a fighting dog.

We didn't go over to Lone Jack last Monday night to deliver our address on "Christopher Columbus," and the fifty dead rabbits the audience had prepared for the occasion were so much good meat thrown away.

Major Hopkins, the lawyer, figures up that he has got a verdict of not guilty in nine of the eleven murder cases he has tried during the last year, and he thinks the record a fair one.

Joe Dean had a horse stolen two or three nights ago and is willing to pay \$30 for its return. That must also include a sworn affidavit that the thief is three feet under ground and won't monkey with any more equines for a good while to come. Joe always does things in a thorough, businesslike manner.

Jim Hastings, the undertaker, is the only man in the business in this section of Arizona who can pull off a funeral without half of the procession getting lost on the way to the cemetery, and we have always noticed that he never keeps the mourners hanging around to make a grand finish for himself.

Charles F. Davis, our new and enterprising corner, wishes to become publicly known that with him there will be no delay and no blunders in ascertaining the cause of death in any case and that everything found in the pockets of the deceased will be promptly handed over to friends. He is a good natured, sympathetic man, and you can't do better than patronize him.

Dr. Henry Jackson, who has lately set up his office here, assures us that, while he will devote most of his time to family practice, he will nevertheless stand ready at any hour of the day or night to extract bullets, trepan skulls, set broken limbs, dress gunshot or knife wounds or do any other business in the surgical line.

We understand that Major Caboon, who has been no friend of ours for the last six months, is spreading the report that the postmaster general has asked for our resignation. In reply we would say that the major is a sick, sleek liar, but we lay nothing up against him. We are as solid in the postoffice as any mountain on its base, and we can't be rooted out by anything less than a revolution.

A stranger in town seemed to be riled the other day on hearing that we had



OUR WHEELS ARE ALWAYS GREASED FOR BUSINESS.

been elected mayor of the Gulch for the fourth time, and he called at The Kicker office to argue the matter. Mr. Johnson, as he gave his name, now lies in the town hospital, and his list of casualties includes cuts, bumps, sprains, bruises, swellings and a broken kneecap. We carry no chip on our shoulder, but our wheels are always greased for business.

Colonel Boseman has stopped his paper again and brings forward the old excuse that we are crowding out murder items to give place to stuff not worth reading. As we have published an average of twenty-five in each issue for the last year and as we can't make them to order, we rather think we shall let the colonel go his way and subscribe to a Sunday school paper.

People who are ailing should not forget that Dr. John Martin was one of the first medical men to settle here. We personally know that he can tell smallpox from measles and that when a patient is able to sit up in bed and hold a gun on a straight line he pronounces him cured and his visits cease.

We have no complaint to make against the editor of the Blue Hills Sentinel for editorially declaring that we are a man of bluff and brag, but what we complain of is the way he got out of the back door of his office and into the woods when we paid him a fraternal visit the other day. We are always willing to talk things over.

As owner of Heliro's Opera House, and having been to a considerable expense in the way of repairs, we would kindly ask the boys who may become dissatisfied with any play on the boards to shoot at the actors instead of the lamps or ceiling. Most actors deserve to be shot at anyhow, while any injury to our house cannot possibly raise the standard of the profession. This thing should be looked at philosophically.

Robert Burns' Lovers.

Burns' cottage at Alloway and the adjoining monument on the banks of Doon attract annually a larger number of visitors than does any other literary shrine in the United Kingdom.

School Lunches.

In packing the school lunch never put warm food in a tight pail or box.

Onions Under Water.

When preparing onions for cooking, it will be found much more comfortable work if they are peeled or sliced under water. Hold in the lap a large bowl filled with clear water, and work with the hands under the water. Onions handled in this way will not cause tears or stained fingers.

Calcutta University.

The University of Calcutta is said to be the largest educational corporation in the world. Every year it examines over 10,000 students.

Sensitive.

A country postman in Belgium was so overcome with grief and shame at missing the mail train that he went straight from the station to the nearest water and drowned himself.

The Opal.

It is said that the opal was not considered unlucky in England until the notion was started there by the publication of "Anne of Geierstein." On the contrary, it was believed by the ancients to render its possessor lovable and to bestow the gift of invisibility.

Why Teeth Last.

So much harder is the enamel of teeth than anything else of organic origin in nature that they outlast all things else apparently, even the rocks, and are preserved for the enlightenment of science.

There Are Exceptions.

Mrs. Manning—Do you know I hate a liar?

Aunt Hannah—And yet, Mary, how sweetly you smiled when Mr. Soper declared you didn't look a day older than thirty-five!—Boston Transcript.

A Compromise.

"Oh, Dorothy, darling, do give me a kiss!" Her reply was not quite what he'd reckoned. "Oh, I couldn't do that!" said this coy little miss. "But I'll lend you just one for a second!"

How It Happened.

"Had a dream last night that I went to sleep in a wooden house and awoke to find myself in a stone mansion." "Ah, go on! Watcher givin' me?" "Fact; wild rose and made the bull's-ing rock."—Indianapolis News.

The Cost of Things.

Old Mother Hubbard She went to the cupboard To get her poor doggie a snack, But she found not a crust, For the deeds of a trust Compelled them to both go 'way back. —Washington Star.

Shakespeare's Anachronisms.

The very head and front of all offenders in the perpetration of anachronisms was Shakespeare himself. He speaks of cannon in the reign of John, whereas cannon were unknown until a century and a half later; of printing in the time of Henry III.; of clocks, and striking clocks at that, in the time of Julius Caesar; he makes Hector quote Aristotle and Coriolanus refer to cats and Alexander; he introduces a billiard table into Cleopatra's palace; he dowers Bohemia with a sea coast and makes Delphos an island.

MUSIC HALL. F. W. HARTFORD, - - MANAGER. Wednesday Evening, Feb. 26th. BEST PLAY AND COMPANY OF THE YEAR. CHARLES COGHLAN'S GREATEST WORK. GERTRUDE COGHLAN MASTERPIECE OF DRAMATIC FICTION AND STAGECRAFT. AND A COMPANY OF ESTABLISHED ARTISTS IN HER LADYSHIP. A Modern Society Comedy Picture of this Period, written expressly for MISS COGHLAN by Her Distinguished Father, one of the most brilliant writers of his time. A Play Picture with brilliant episodes, irresistible wit, and telling story of absorbing interest in a refined and elegant manner. Undoubtedly the Dramatic and Social Event of the Season. THE STANDARD BY WHICH FUTURE DRAMATIC ATTRACTIONS WILL BE JUDGED. USUAL PRICES WILL PREVAIL. Seats on sale at Music Hall Box Office, Monday, Feb. 24th.

Music Hall. F. W. HARTFORD, - - MANAGER. Thursday Evening, Feb. 27th. Tuesday Evening, Feb. 25th. "Greatest Comedy Success of the Times." CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS WM. H. CRANE David Harum In the Dramatization of Westcott's Novel. Original Cost, Settings, Properties, Etc., as Seen in New York and Boston. PRICES: 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Seats on sale at Music Hall Box Office Tuesday morning, Feb. 26th.

Portsmouth Electric Railway

Time Table in Effect Daily, Commencing September 26, 1901.

Main Line.

Leave Market Square for Rye Beach and Little Bear's Head, connecting for Exeter and Newburyport, at 7:05 a. m., 8:05 and hourly until 8:05 p. m. For Cable Road only at 5:30 a. m., 6:55 a. m. and 10:05 p. m. For Little Bear's Head only at 8:05 and 9:05 p. m. 1:05, 5:05, 7:05, 8:05 and 9:05 p. m. cars make close connection for North Hampton. Returning—Leave Junction with E. H. & A. St. Ry. at 8:03 a. m., 9:05 and hourly until 9:05 p. m. Leave Cable Road at 6:10 a. m., 7:30 a. m. and 10:35 p. m. Leave Little Bear's Head at 9:10 and 10:10 p. m.

Plains Loop.

Up Middle Street—Leave Market Square at 6:35 a. m., 7:05, 7:35 and half-hourly until 10:05 p. m., and at 10:35 and 11:05. Up Islington Street—Leave Market Square at 6:35 a. m., 7:05, 7:35 and half-hourly until 10:05 p. m., and at 10:35 and 11:05. Last car each night runs to car barn only. Running time to Plains, 12 minutes.

Christian Shore Line.

Leave Market Square for B. & M. Station and Christian Shore at 6:25 a. m., 7:05, 7:35 and half-hourly until 10:05 p. m., and at 10:35 and 11:05. Returning—Leave Corner Bartlett and Morning Streets at 6:10 a. m., 6:50, 7:20 and half-hourly until 9:50 p. m., and at 10:20 and 10:50.

\*Omitted Sundays. \*\*Saturdays only.

W. T. Perkins, Supl. D. J. Flanders, G. P. & T. A.

CHECKLIST NO. 10.

The Board of Registrars of Voters for the City of Portsmouth hereby give notice that they will be in session at the Common Council chamber at City Hall in said city on the following dates, viz.: January 31st, February 4th, 11th, 14th, 18th, 21st, 25th, 28th, and March 4th, 1902, at the following hours: from 9 a. m. to 12 m.; from 2 p. m. to 5 p. m. for the purpose of making up and correcting the Checklist of the several wards in said city, to be used at the city election to be held March 11th, 1902.

The said Board will also be in session at the same place on election day, March 11th, 1902, from 8 a. m. to 12 p. m. and from 1 to 4 p. m., for the purpose of granting certificates to those legal voters whose names are omitted from the lists.

Voters must bear in mind that it is their personal duty to see that their names are on the lists, by presenting themselves at some meeting of this Board.

LORENZO T. BURNHAM, Chairman.

HERBERT E. DOW, Clerk.

Granite State Fire Insurance Company of Portsmouth, N. H.

Paid-Up Capital, \$200,000.

OFFICERS.

FRANK JONES, President. JOHN W. SANBORN, Vice President. ALFRED F. HOWARD, Secretary. JOHN W. EMERY, Asst. Secretary. JUSTIN V. HANSCOM, Treasurer. FRANK JONES, JOHN W. SANBORN, JUSTIN V. HANSCOM, ALBERT WALLACE, and E. H. WINCHESTER, Executive Committee.

J. A. & A. W. WALKER

SOLE AGENTS FOR

OLD COMPANY LEHIGH COALS

Reading and Wilkesbarre Coals.

Best Preparation Obtainable In This City.

17 MARKET ST.

BOSTON & MAINE R.R.

EASTERN DIVISION.

Winter Arrangement. (In Effect October 14, 1901.)

Leave Portsmouth

For Boston—3:50, 7:20, 8:15, 10:53, a. m., 2:21, 5:00, 7:28, p. m. Sunday, 3:50, 8:00, a. m., 2:21, 5:00, p. m. For Portland—9:55, 10:45, a. m., 2:45, 5:22, 8:50, 9:20, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:45, a. m., 8:55, p. m. For Wells Beach—9:55, a. m., 2:45, 5:22, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, a. m. For Old Orchard and Portland—9:55, a. m., 2:45, 5:22, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, a. m. For North Conway—9:55, a. m., 2:45, p. m. For Somersworth—4:50, 9:45, 9:55, a. m., 2:40, 2:45, 5:22, 5:30 p. m. For Rochester—9:45, 9:55, a. m., 2:40, 2:45, 5:22, 5:30 p. m. For Dover—4:50, 9:45, a. m., 12:15, 2:40, 5:22, 8:52, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:48, a. m., 8:57, p. m. For North Hampton and Hampton—7:20, 8:15, 10:53, a. m., 5:00, p. m. Sunday, 8:00, a. m., 5:00, p. m.

Trains for Portsmouth

Leave Boston—7:30, 9:00, 10:10, a. m., 12:30, 3:30, 4:45, 7:00, 7:45, p. m. Sunday, 4:30, 8:20, 9:00, a. m., 6:40, 7:00, p. m. Leave Portland—2:00, 9:00, a. m., 12:45, 6:00, p. m. Sunday, 2:00, a. m., 12:45, p. m. Leave North Conway—7:25, a. m., 4:15, p. m. Leave Rochester—7:19, 9:47, a. m., 3:50, 6:25, p. m. Sunday, 7:00, a. m. Leave Somersworth—6:35, 7:32, 10:00, a. m., 4:05, 6:39, p. m. Leave Dover—6:50, 10:24, a. m., 1:40, 4:30, 6:30, 9:20, p. m. Sunday, 7:30, a. m., 9:25, p. m. Leave Hampton—9:22, 11:50, a. m., 2:13, 4:59, 6:16, p. m. Sunday, 6:25, 10:06, a. m., 8:09, p. m. Leave North Hampton—9:28, 11:55, a. m., 2:19, 5:05, 6:21, p. m. Sunday, 6:30, 10:12, a. m., 8:15, p. m. Leave Greenland—9:35, a. m., 12:01, 2:25, 5:11, 6:27, p. m. Sunday, 6:35, 10:18, a. m., 8:20, p. m.

SOUTHERN DIVISION

Portsmouth Branch.

Trains leave the following stations for Manchester, Concord and intermediate stations: Portsmouth—8:30, a. m., 12:45, 5:25, p. m. Greenland Village—8:39, a. m., 12:54, 5:33, p. m. Rockingham Junction—9:07, a. m., 1:07, 5:58, p. m. Epping—9:22, a. m., 1:21, 6:14, p. m. Raymond—9:32, a. m., 1:32, 6:25, p. m.

Returning leave

Concord—7:45, 10:25, a. m., 3:30, p. m. Manchester—8:32, 11:10, a. m., 4:20, p. m. Raymond—9:10, 11:48, a. m., 5:02, p. m. Epping—9:22, a. m., 12:00, m., 6:15, p. m. Rockingham Junction—9:47, a. m., 12:17, 5:56, p. m. Greenland Village—10:01, a. m., 12:29, 6:08, p. m.

Trains connect at Rockingham Junction for Exeter, Haverhill, Lawrence and Boston. Trains connect at Manchester and Concord for Plymouth, Woodville, Lancaster, St. Johnsbury, Newport, Vt., Montreal and the west.

Information given, through tickets sold and baggage checked to all points at the station.

D. J. FLANDERS, G. P. & T. A.

U. S. NAVY FERRY LAUNCH NO. 132

GOVERNMENT BOAT, FOR GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.

Leaves Navy Yard—8:20, 8:40, 9:15, 10:00, 10:30, 11:45 a. m., 1:35, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 5:45, 7:45 p. m. Sundays, 10:00, 10:15 a. m., 12:15, 12:35 p. m. Holidays, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m. Leaves Portsmouth—8:30, 8:50, 9:20, 10:15, 11:00 a. m., 12:15, 1:45, 2:15, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:00, 10:00 p. m. Sundays, 10:07, a. m., 12:05, 12:25, 12:45 p. m. Holidays, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m. \*Wednesdays and Saturdays.

CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR AND TURFING DONE.

WITH increased facilities the subscriber is enabled to prepare and deliver turfs in order to suit in any of the covering of graves, or to be used in the building of roads, or for any other purpose. He will also give attention to the grading and draining of cemeteries, and to the removal of stones, or to any other work that the cemetery owner may desire. He will also be pleased to receive orders for the sale of turfs, and to deliver them at any time. He will also be pleased to receive orders for the sale of turfs, and to deliver them at any time. He will also be pleased to receive orders for the sale of turfs, and to deliver them at any time.

W. J. GRIFIN

# THE HERALD.

(Formerly The Evening Post)  
ESTABLISHED SEPT. 23, 1864.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted.  
Terms \$4.00 a year, when paid in advance, 5 cents a month, 2 cents per copy, delivered in any part of the city or sent by mail.  
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Telephone 21-5.

**F. W. HARTFORD,**  
**B. M. TILTON,**  
Editors and Proprietors.

(Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H. Post Office as second class mail matter.)

## For Portsmouth and Portsmouth's Interests

You want local news! Read the Herald. More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it.

FRIDAY, FEB. 21, 1922.

The democratic reading of Napoleon's maxim is, "scratch a Taft and you catch a Tartar."

Now for congress to give the infant Cuban republic its birthright of profitable industry.

Castellane again wants his debts paid. He serves the purposes of a warning to American heiresses.

The Biddle boys have completely supplanted the James boys as heroes of inflammatory juvenile literature.

Prince Henry will display his affability by listening patiently to an immense amount of boarding-school German.

Alfred Austin has not made any protest against the competition to government poetry that English literature is developing.

The electrical inventor is displaying some of the eloquence that was once regarded as the exclusive property of the lightning rod agent.

"Stone walls do not a prison make." But a Stone ransom does when it is paid before the missionary is released by her Macedonian hosts.

The two and one-half cent coin might give Tom L. Johnson another idea as to the price that ought to be demanded for a street car ride.

There is still some disposition to find fault with American millionaires who devote time to such small games as are played at Monte Carlo.

It is said that the Empress of China shed real tears when the deeds of the Boxers were recalled to her. 'Tis An would rather shed tears than tails.

Mr. Whitney has decided to retire from active participation in affairs. But he will be discussed as a presidential possibility just the same.

The tradition concerning the ingratitude of republics may be due to the fact that as soon as a man gets to be a hero he becomes a political suspect.

Florida's returns to tax collectors used to read, "sand and sick Yankees." Lewis Nixon has gone to Florida. Is it said that Nixon needs?

The attention of the audience will be divided between Prince Henry and the man who refused to give up his box. The singers will not stand much chance.

It is safe to predict that Mr. Hitchcock of New York won't get any jeweled cigarette case of diamond sleeve buttons when Prince Henry distributes his presents.

A Missouri mob lynched an actor the other day. A gratifying proof of our superior civilization is that the excusable impulse to do the same thing is so frequently felt but always resisted by New York playgoers.

It is said that Attorney General Knox once charged \$50,000, hoping the fee would be refused, so that he could proceed with his plans for a vacation. Possibly before he is through with the expenses which attend official life he will be glad he took the money.

It is a timely rebuke that Mr. C. H. Lett, of Massachusetts, administrators to Mr. Wheeler, of Kentucky, for his disgraceful remarks concerning the reception of Prince Henry. The Kentucky demagogue really does not merit the attention he receives. He and his fellow-offender against propriety Talbert, of South Carolina, may well be buried beneath the scorn and contempt of the country. For them their states may blush, in so far as their individual utterances reflect certain lamentable local conditions of society. But there is a dash of amusement to relieve an episode otherwise embarrassing in the haste which democrats display in disavowing all party responsibility for the exhibition. An examination of the constituencies of some of these gentlemen would reveal the presence of a percentage of voters who are proud of their German descent. But seriously speaking, it is natural that members of congress, in respect of party, should seek to purge that honorable body of responsibility for the offensive vulgarity of a

very few. It is probable that other countries familiar with parliaments will understand that there are always exceptions in their membership to prove the rule of their respectability.

## WANTS ART IN ALMANACS.

A Druggist Calls for Publication of Half-tone Pictures in the Annals.

"What I'd like to see," remarked a druggist, "is a family almanac filled with half-tone pictures. It would be a novelty to soothe the eyes and mind. We, who have gone through many years at this business, and have had ample time to digest the countless free almanacs devoted to the relief of all bodily ills and 'sure' guides to health, know the average almanac from cover to cover. The woodcuts that decorate some of them were made for our granddaddies, and are as familiar to their fading visions as they are interesting to our own children. I recall perfectly the almanac of my boyhood.

"After giving the church days and cycles of time, with the eclipses for the year and the best time during that term in which to observe the planets it had an address to the sick and a table showing the mean time of digestion of the different articles of diet. Then followed a choice variety of ancient jokes, interspersed with the sun and moon phases for every month, each being marked with phenomena and important events, such as 'Swedenborg born' or 'Kansas admitted.' At the head of each month was a wood cut representing some timely reminder or scene of the month mentioned. For instance, January, was usually depicted with snow-covered ground and woodsmen felling huge trees. February showed the farmers threshing grain in an open barn. March displayed the arrival of seaks, and April the sowing of them. For May we had a woman and children working in the garden planting potted flowers, and in June the farmers were gathering the first of their crop. July showed a boy fishing in a pond, with a stately house and fine looking windmill at his back. August illustrated the grain cutting time, and September gathering of apples, pears and other tree fruit. Then came the harvest or corn for October, a shooting scene for chilly November and a warm fire-side with a giant Christmas tree for bleak December.

"The odd thing now about this old-fashioned almanac is this: Go over to the next drug store you meet and pick up the first almanac you can lay your hands to. You will be surprised to note the marked similarity between the old and the new. The latter is made up of features I have mentioned as being in the old, even to the unsolicited testimonials selected from thousands reviewed, the table for forecasting the weather throughout each year, and perhaps the latest postage laws.

"It is said that everything changes in this blessed world of ours, but I have never known the average almanac to shed its oldtime ideas. That is why I sigh for a modern almanac with half tone pictures.

## ORGANIZED IN KITTERY.

The Atlantic Supply company, for developing mineral lands. Capital, \$100,000. President and clerk, Charles C. Smith, Kittery; treasurer, W. P. Huelin, Kittery.

People's Heating company, for manufacturing, leasing and renting all kinds of heating apparatus. Capital, \$200,000. President and clerk, Charles C. Smith, Kittery; treasurer, W. P. Huelin, Kittery.

Federal Fuel and Light company, for the purpose of carrying on a general manufacturing, engineering and trading business, with \$200,000 capital stock, of which nothing is paid in. The officers are: President, Charles C. Smith of Kittery; treasurer, William Percy Huelin, Kittery.

P. A. C. Minstrels March 3d and 4th.

## A STUBBORN COLD OR BRONCHITIS

yields more readily to Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil than to anything that you can take; and if persistently used a few days, will break up the cold.

When you awake in the night choked up and coughing hard, take a dose of the Emulsion, and you will get immediate relief, where no cough medicine will give you relief. It has a soothing and healing effect upon the throat and bronchial tubes.

Most people understand Scott's Emulsion is a great body builder—but it is equally good to allay inflammation and cure colds and violent coughing.

Send for Free Sample.  
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 479 Pearl St., N. Y.

**DON'T TOBACCO SPTT AND SMOKE**  
Your Life Away!  
You can be cured of any form of tobacco using Scott's Emulsion. It makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 500,000 cured. All druggists. Cure guaranteed. Book for free advice. Write to: SCOTT & BOWNE, Chicago or New York.



MISS COGHLAN COMING.

Manager Hartford Completes Arrangements for Her Ladyship.

H. S. Daniels, business manager of the Gertrude Coghlan company, is in



Gertrude Coghlan as Lady Cecil.

the city today making final arrangements with Manager Hartford of Music Hall for Miss Coghlan's appearance here on Wednesday evening of next week. On this occasion Miss Coghlan will present the last work of her lamented father, Charles Coghlan, entitled Her Ladyship, in which she is surpassing her great success of last season as Becky Sharp in Thackeray's Vanity Fair. She will be supported, Mr. Daniels promises, by a company of unusual excellence, including Messrs. Allen Davenport, a son of the great tragedian, E. L. Davenport, Charles Newton, James Allen, Eugene Frazier, J. C. Vernon, Irene Timmons, May Donohue and others, among them little Pitta Bryan, the best child actress on the stage today.

Her Ladyship was written especially for Miss Coghlan and the title role, Lady Cecil, is said to suit her abilities to perfection. By her triumph in the role she has proved the possession of marked versatility, for the character is the direct antithesis of Becky Sharp in which she made her stellar debut and in which she toured New England last year with the most gratifying results. Her Ladyship will be taken into New York at the beginning of the fall season for a run at one of the prominent Broadway houses.

Miss Coghlan's engagement here promises to be a conspicuous feature of a dramatic season in which Portsmouth has every reason to congratulate itself.

WM. A. BRADY'S EXQUISITE PRODUCTION.

"Way Down East, the great New York success which this city is to have here next week is a rural play, the local belle, New England with an abundance of those unique types of character which are supposed to exist thereabouts and nowhere else in this broad land. These homely characteristics are made to appeal strongly to everyone, and there is a happy combination of the domestic with the dramatic in the dramatizing of a play that is treated in an original manner preserving the latest until the final curtain. It is to be given with complete scenery, a special company, and

mechanical effects that will be shown for the first time on any stage and a production as famous as any given in New York, Chicago and Philadelphia.

## WITH THE THEATRICAL FOLK.

Isabel Irving has succeeded Julie Ong as William Faversham's leading woman.

When Reuben Comes to Town will be produced at Amsterdam, N. Y., Feb. 21.

Richard Carle has added a new song to The Explorers entitled "My Madagascar Maid." It is a great success.

The Uncle Tom Cabin company with which John L. Sullivan has been playing Shmon Legree disbanded at Jersey City last week.

Gus Hill secured last week the rights to A Hot Old Time, the farce by Edgar Selden in which Johnny and Emma Ray have been so successful.

## STRATHAM.

Stratham, Feb. 20.  
Mr. Everett Jewell and family of Merrimac, Mass., have been spending a few days at his mother's, Mrs. Jane Jewell's.

Miss Lizzie Wiggin is visiting in Boston and vicinity.

Miss Mabel Mathes spent Sunday with Mrs. E. N. Smith.

Miss Myrtle Edmunds has returned from Portsmouth where she has been staying for the past few weeks.

There will be a snipping party in the town hall Wednesday evening, February 26, given under the auspices of the Christian church.

Mrs. George E. Lake is in New York, being called home by the serious illness of her father.

Mrs. Wesley Sanderson and niece, Miss Ethelyn Morse of Kennebunk, Me., were last week the guests of Mrs. Abner Littlefield.

The many friends of Mrs. E. M. C. Lane were saddened on Monday evening to learn of her death after a long

with games, music, etc. She was the recipient of many pretty gifts. A dainty collation was served after which the guests departed, wishing their hostess many happy returns of the day.

The Boys' club of the Congregational church will meet in the vestry on Friday evening, February 21.

## LOVERS' LANE.

One of the best effects in stage realism are the apple trees in William A. Brady's production of Lovers' Lane by Clyde Fitch which will be seen at Music hall very soon. The trees in the third and fourth acts are marvels of workmanship, in the third supposed to represent the fall of the year the trees heavily laden with fruit and the fourth act, springtime the trees in full bloom, with its blossoms which seem to permeate the atmosphere with perfume, at a great cost and the best skilled workman. Mr. Brady has triumphed and has succeeded in getting away from the time worn painted stage trees of old.

## A REPUTATION.

How it Was Made and Retained in Portsmouth.

A good reputation is not easily earned, and it is only by hard, consistent work among our citizens that Doan's Kidney Pills won their way to the proud distinction attained in this locality. The public endorsement of scores of Portsmouth residents has rendered invaluable service to the community. Read what this citizen says:

Mr. A. P. Blake, of 23 High street, says:—"I had distressing pain in my back, dizziness and headaches and an annoying urinary difficulty. I went to Philbrick's pharmacy and got Doan's Kidney Pills for it, and they gave me great relief. I had an accident which injured my spine, and my physician tells me it is incurable, consequently I cannot hope for a permanent cure, but I will say this, that by taking half a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, I was relieved of my backache and the urinary difficulty. I gave the balance of the box to my son, who was troubled with kidney complaint. They did him so much good that he went and got more, and they cured him."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

shower.

## OLIVER W. HAM,

(Successor to Samuel S. Fletcher)

60 Market Street.

Furniture Dealer

—AND—

Undertaker.

NIGHT CALLS at side entrance, No. 2 Hanover street, or at residence, cor. New Vaughan street and Raynes avenue.

Telephone 69-2.

## BAD BREATH

"I have been using CASCARETS and as a mild and effective laxative they are simply wonderful. My daughter and I were bothered with sick stomach and our breath was very bad. After taking a few doses of Cascarets we have improved and I am a great help in the family."

WILLIAM H. NAGEL, 117 HILTON HOUSE ST., CINCINNATI, OHIO.



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, No Gripe, Never Sickens, Weakens or Grips. ... CURE CONSTIPATION. ... NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

United States Revenue returns show

Constantly Increasing Output

of the

**7-20-4**

10c CIGAR

factory, which tells the story of the superior quality of this cigar.

The Havana tobacco now being used in its make up is the finest grown in Cuba.

ALL DEALERS.

**R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr.,**  
Manchester, N. H.

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

## PORTSMOUTH'S SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.

A Guide for Visitors and Members.

## OAK CASTLE, No. 4, K. G. D.

Meets at Hall, Peirce Block, High St., Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

Officers—Willis B. Mathes, P. C.; Robert M. Herrick, N. C.; Allison L. Plimney, V. C.; Charles C. Charlson, H. P.; Fred Heiser, V. H.; Fred Gardner, K. of E.; Charles W. Hanscom, C. of E.; Samuel R. Gardner, M. of R.; George P. Knight, S. H.

## PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, No. 1, O. U. A.

Meets at Hall, Franklin Block, First and Third Thursday of each Month.

Officers—William P. Gardner, C.; Charles B. Allen, V. C. Frank Pike, R. S.; Frank S. Langley, F. S.; J. W. Marden, T.; Charles W. Hanscom, Ind.; Malcomb D. Stuart, Ex.; William C. Berry, I. P.; William Emery, O. P.; Harry Hirsun, Trustee.

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100 Barrels of the above Cement Just Landed.

THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT

has been on the market for the past fifty years. It has been used on the

Principal Government and Other Public Works.

and be received the commendation of Every Architect and Contractor generally. Persons wanting cement should not be misled. Obtain the best.

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JOHN H. BROUGHTON

**CURE YOURSELF!**  
Use the Big 4 for unnatural discharges, inflammation, irritation or alterations of mucus membranes. It cures gonorrhea, gonorrhea, and all venereal diseases. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles, \$2.50. Circular sent on request.

The Herald has all the latest news.

# HISTORIC OLD HOUSE.

Timbers of the Old Ferry House Were in the Old Durham Church.

Of the many people who have occasion to pass daily over the Portsmouth, Kittery & York ferry landing, on this side of the river, to take the ferryboat Kittery, probably few realize the historical interest attached to the old building, or the scenes enacted there in former days, when it was the old Spring market.

The first market was built in the year 1761; this building was afterward replaced by the present structure, which a few years ago was remodeled by the Portsmouth, Kittery & York street railway company for a ferry landing office and waiting room. When the first structure became dilapidated and dangerous it was removed, and a part of the old building was taken up the river on gondolas, and placed on the wharf at Noble's island, where it was used for a storehouse and was still standing until the past few years.

The original market was some time after replaced by the present building, which has a historical interest of which not many are aware.

Before the opening of the Revolutionary war, when the report came that troops were leaving Boston to take possession of Fort William and Mery, or Fort Constitution, as it is now called—a large part of the gunpowder from the fort was carried in gondolas up river to Durham and stored under the old South church there, and this same powder was later carried to Charlestown, and used in the memorable battle of Bunker Hill.

The old church was afterward torn down and a statue of General Sullivan now stands on the spot once occupied by the former sacred edifice.

The heavy timbers taken from the church were brought to Portsmouth, and used in the construction of the present building, and the old mortices can still be plainly seen by an observer.

The market was a place of much activity in former years, when the people from the other side of the river would row across daily, to dispose of their farm produce, loads of vegetables and other saleable articles, at the old market stalls. The building took its name from the spring of fresh water which flowed beneath it, and which was noted for its fine quality. The old-time captain, before going to sea, would come here to fill up their casks with the spring water, as while some water would grow roney and unfit to drink if kept long, this was always found to be good.

## THE SEASON'S FASHIONS.

Cotton shirt waists for the coming season are already displayed in the shops. The styles are prettier, and more varied than ever, affording an almost unlimited choice of material and garniture.

Madras, Oxford, cheviot and pique are the popular medium, and heavy weight cotton goods for the smart tailor-made waists. Plain color effects are much seen in the new styles, but for those who like variety there are fetching waists in pretty stripes, which will be worn to a considerable extent during the coming spring and summer. White, however, will be worn as much as last season.

The elongated front is still popular for plain and fancy models, and some of the close-fitting waists in the heavier materials are made with a yoke back. Cuffs are to be worn soft, and on some of the smartest waists they are fastened with two or three good-sized pearl buttons.

A stylish pique waist is seen in white, light blue and pink. It is made with three large box pleats in front, extending from a yoke with a deep point on either side of the center pleat. The points button down on the side pleats, one of which contains a tiny pocket, machine stitched into the pleat. The back is finished with box pleats corresponding in size to those in front. The cuffs are soft and are fastened with pearl buttons.

The fashionable materials for dressy waists are the colored Swiss lawns, white dotted and figured Swiss, Persian lawn and the soft Pongee silks. The latter are seen in pretty self-colored figured and dotted effects, which afford a pleasing change from the plain goods so long worn.

A striking feature of the shirt waists for smart wear is the fine hand work with which they are finished. Delicate hand embroidery is seen in colors and in white, both the plain and Mexican hemstitching embellishes some of the most elegant affairs and French dots add a touch of their own to a great many of the latest waists. Fine heading also outlines the shoulder and arm seams of some of the most stylish models.

Tucks have lost none of their popularity and are used in a variety of artistic ways for shirt waist adornment. A stylish effect is produced in a waist composed of daintily hemstitched solid tucking, running up and down, with the sleeves and narrow cuffs made of crosswise tucks to correspond.

Waists buttoning in the back will be worn but a majority of the 1902 models show the usual button fastening in the front.

Elbow sleeves are seen on some of the daintiest waists, and will be worn to a certain extent during the mid-summer season. Finished with a band and bow of black velvet, they give a decidedly Frenchy effect to a waist for afternoon or evening wear.

## For Over Sixty Years

Mrs. Winklow's Roothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It cures the child, soothes the gums, alleviates pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhea, twenty-five cents a bottle.

The children of the Haven Kindergarten are to have some very interesting Washington exercises on Friday, February 27, at nine o'clock, to which all friends and relatives are invited.

## A Clever Witness.

At the X. quarter sessions a petty case was being tried. A well known criminal lawyer, who prides himself upon his skill in cross examining a witness, had an odd looking genius upon whom to operate.

"You say, sir, that the prisoner is a thief?"

"Yes, sir; 'cause why—she confessed it."

"And you also swear she was employed by you as a witness to the confession?"

"I do, sir."

"Then" (giving a sagacious look to the court) "we are to understand that you employ dishonest people to work for you even after their rascalities are known?"

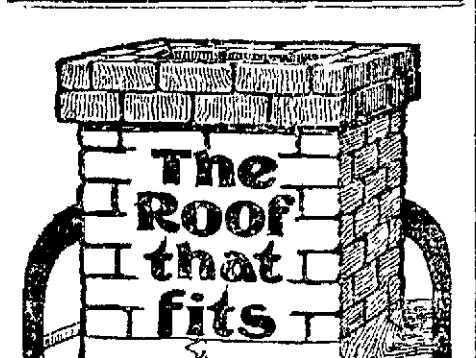
"Of course. How else could I get assistance from a lawyer?"

The counsel only said, "Stand down."

—London Tit-Bits.

## A Burned Saucepan.

When food burns down in a saucepan, the damage to the pan may be remedied by boiling soda water in it. Use a teaspoonful of soda to the average burn, with water enough to keep from boiling dry, and after ten or fifteen minutes' boiling the burned substance will be so softened that it can be easily scraped off. If the burn is a very bad one, it may be necessary to repeat the process, but it is effective.



Pliability—ease of working and fitting around angles and corners—was one of the features of MF Roofing Tin that secured first prize for it at Paris last year. Next in value to the all-important question of a heavy tin coating, comes the ease of working—it saves waste of material and waste of time—makes the roof that fits.

## MF ROOFING TIN

is the best roofing from every viewpoint. It is made by hand labor entirely. Every sheet must pass a rigid examination before it is boxed—and none but perfect plates are sold. Trade mark on every sheet. Ask your roofer for MF Roofing Tin, or W. C. CROMEYER, Agent, write to Canoga building, Pittsburgh, for illustrated book on roofing. AMERICAN TIN PLATE COMPANY, New York.

## BANKRUPT PETITION FOR DISCHARGE.

In the matter of Louis Gerber, Jr. In Bankruptcy. Bankrupt.

To the Honorable Edgar Aldrich, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of New Hampshire—

Louis Gerber of Portsmouth, in the County of Rockingham and State of New Hampshire, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 4th day of December, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankrupts, and he has duly surrendered all his property, and rights of property and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated the fourteenth day of February, A. D. 1902.

LOUIS GERBER, Bankrupt.

## Order of Notice Thereon.

District of New Hampshire, ss.

On this 17th day of February, A. D. 1902, on reading the foregoing petition, it is—  
Ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1902, before said court at Concord in said District, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Portsmouth Herald, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court, that the clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors notices of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable EDGAR ALDRICH, Judge of the said court, and the seal thereof, at Concord, in said District, on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1902.

BURNS P. HODGMAN, Clerk.

Seal of the Court.

A true copy of petition and order thereon:

Attest: BURNS P. HODGMAN, Clerk.

## DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

DISTRICT OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Concord, N. H., Feb. 17, 1902.

In the matter of John F. McKay, Esq., Weir & Deane, Attys for Bankrupt.

In the matter of Cyrus A. Martin, Jr. In Bankruptcy, No. 512.

To the Creditors of Cyrus A. Martin, London-derry, in the County of Rockingham, and District aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of February, A. D. 1902, the said Cyrus A. Martin was duly adjudged a bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the Clerk of the U. S. Court, P. O. Building, in Portsmouth, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1902, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. The question of granting the trustee, then to be chosen, leave to sell at public auction or private sale the property and estate of said bankrupt, all claims to be considered, and if no objection is made such leave will be granted.

## "The Crossroads of Goodness."



## KITCHEN HELPS.

If salt is thrown on a stove when the contents of a pot or pan boil over, it will prevent an offensive odor.

Before putting on milk to boil always rinse out the saucepan with water. This will prevent the milk from burning.

For greasy dishes a little soda in the water is a great help, and in washing glass a bit of blue in the water adds much to its brilliancy.

Salt and vinegar will be found the best for scouring the copper preserving kettle, and a lemon cut in halves and dipped in salt will remove all stains.

If in covering a kitchen table with oilcloth a layer of brown paper is put on first, it will prevent the oilcloth cracking and make it wear three times as long.

Wooden bowls make the best receptacles for washing fine glassware which requires careful handling. If two bowls are employed, the results are apt to be more satisfactory using one for rinsing and the other for rinsing purposes.

After peeling onions wash your knife and your hands in cold water. Hot water sets the odor of the onion instead of removing it. Then rub the hands and knife with a piece of celery or cut lemon, or even a raw potato, to remove the odor.

## Ribbon Economy.

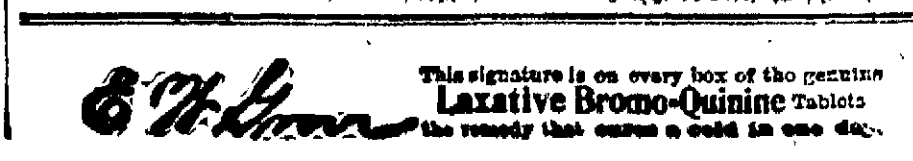
Economical women have learned the value of gasoline for cleaning ribbons, while others use suds made of soap bark chips. They should be rubbed between the hands until thoroughly clean, then examined and, if too badly faded to use again, dyed some darker shade with dye. White ribbons will take delicate shades of blue, pink and lavender. Light colored ribbons are pretty dyed cardinal red, but if they are too dark for that save them until you have half a pound or more and then color them black with dye for silk. No matter what color they are or how spotted or streaked, they will dye a good black. Rinse thoroughly in several warm, soft waters until the last rinsing water is left clear; then smooth the ribbon between the hands and wind over a wide piece of stiff cardboard. When all has been wound around, place it between soft cloths and put it under a heavy pressure. When taken out, it will be smooth and look like new. Another way to manage them is to hang them in the open air until about half dry; then cover them with cheesecloth or some other thin material and iron with a moderately hot iron.

## The Children's Hour.

Our quiet hours with our children should first of all be cheerful hours. Sydney Smith has said: "If you make children happy now, you make them happy twenty years hence by themselves." I believe this to be quite true. We should make the hours with our children full of joy, then twenty years from now we, too, can recall how happy they were, how we heard their merry voices and watched them play, and we can look with pride on our children, whom we loved and who went to Grownpur Land. Then, too, the quiet hours with our children should be loving hours. How much the small touches of a mother's love mean to the child! Even if it is only to whisper to your son as he starts to school, "Remember, mother is thinking about you all day and expecting you to be a good boy," how much better the effect of such a farewell than to hurry him away with some sharp and nervous rebuke.—Mothers' Journal.

## Useful Women.

The poorest girls in the world, it is believed, are those who are not taught to work, and the sad part about it is that there are thousands of them. Rich parents have petted them, and they have been taught to despise labor and to depend upon others for a living and are perfectly helpless. The most forlorn women belong to this class. It is



This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

## LAYING FOR BINKS

[Copyright, 1901, by C. B. Lewis.]

When Binks had finished his apprenticeship in the machine shop, he was a finished workman, and his boss patted him on the shoulder and said:

"Boy, you have been industrious, respectful and ambitious, and I am free to say that we never had one like you in the shop before. You can take that bench over there and go to work at the highest wages paid in the shop."

But Binks had other plans. He had saved a few hundred dollars, and he opened a little shop of his own.

Binks had not been in his new shop a week when a policeman made an arrest in front of his door and displayed unnecessary brutality. Binks protested. He even gestured as he protested. He loudly declared it a shame to bang a man about in that fashion. In response he was warned to mind his own business and threatened with arrest, and later on in the day the officer called at the shop to say:

"Now, young un, you take a pointer. If you want to keep out of trouble, keep your mouth shut. If we hear any more of your talk, we'll lay for you."

Binks took the pointer, but he didn't keep to it. A week later and a block away he saw a drunken woman hauled about and dung into the patrol wagon in such a way that both sympathy and anger were aroused, and he protested. A crowd backed him up, and several newspapers backed the crowd, and the police commissioners reluctantly repudiated the patrolman. It was a victory for Binks, but he did not dream of what it was to cost him. In a day or two word went out that the captain of the precinct was down on Binks. He would be, of course. When the brutality of a patrolman is heaped by a crowd, denounced by the press and repudiated from headquarters, the captain feels that some of the mud sticks to him. Yes, he was down on Binks, and Binks soon had cause to know it. He had some junk in front of his shop and was ordered to remove it instantly. A policeman loitered about his door and whispered "Suspicion!" when asked the reason of his presence. The landlord was "got at" and the rent raised. Repairs that had been promised were not made. In one way and another business was driven away, and Binks had to move. The police had plainly told him they were "laying for" him, and he was not idiot enough to think he could win a victory. He moved half a mile away in an effort to placate the enemy and be forgotten.

Perhaps Binks might have been let alone had he not put his foot in it again. He found the patrolman on that beat drunk and asleep one night and was foolish enough to appeal to a pedestrian to help him save the helpless man from frolic. This pedestrian happened to be a reporter, and he held the case up to public view and wrong in Binks. The derelict officer was fined a month's pay, the captain sent out word anew, and Binks was soon in hot water again. Nothing was too petty and mean for the police to resort to, and they boasted to his face that within three months they would drive him out of the state. They had harassed and hounded him till he was ready to give up when they put the dynamite. They sent a man to him to have burglar tools made. Binks made them without knowing the use they were to be put to and was arrested as he was carrying them home. His good character ought to have counted at his trial, but the police found a way to smirch it. The open way in which he had made the tools ought to have counted, but the police called it a blind. They piled it on Binks until he wondered if he was not somebody else, and so got three years in Sing Sing and a lecture from the judge. Binks had defied the police, and Binks was laid away.

When the young machinist came out of prison, he had changed. He had lost all sympathy for mankind. If the police slung a woman about like a bale of hay, battered a drunken man, cracked the skull of a hoodlum or insulted a respectable girl who had to be out till a late hour, it would be nothing to him any more. He might even laugh over the spectacle, as others did. Such sentiments as pity, mercy and sympathy had been weeded out of his composition, and he was prepared to bow no indifference and brutality. But Binks didn't have the chance. The unruly police captain and the drunken patrolman had not forgotten him. They would have taken him back at his old shop but for the police. They would have taken him into other shops but for the same power. When he could not find work at his trade, he sought it outside. Now and then he got a job, but when the word "convict" was whispered in the ears of the boss Binks had to go. He was followed as bloodhounds keep a trail. He was even barred out of cheap eating houses and ten cent lodgings. There came a day when the ragged, hungry and disconsolate Binks stole a ride on the bumpers of a freight car and reappeared at the doors of Sing Sing to say:

"Take me in. I have no work, no home, no friends, no food. I am worse than a beggar—an ex-convict pursued by the police."

"This place is only for criminals," said the warden as he closed the door on the man.

Binks walked down the rough road to the river. It was winter, and the ice was drifting down, and the cold winds cut him like a knife.

"But a man can't ever get up when the police are laying for him," whispered Binks to himself, "and why not now and here?"

And he bothered the police no more.

M. QUAD.

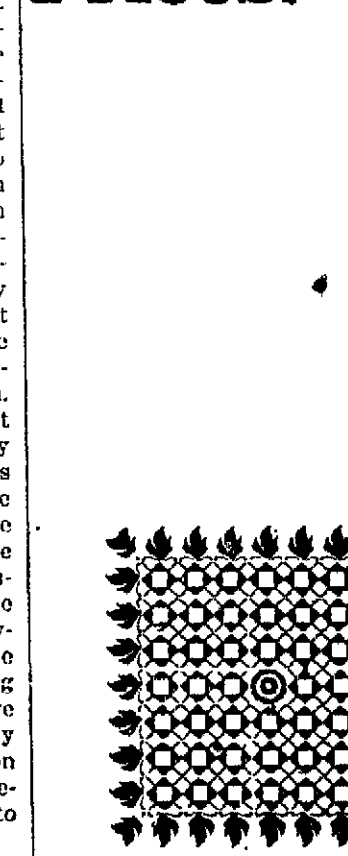
## THE HERALD

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Homestead Ale  
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Are specially brewed and bottled by  
THE  
FRANK JONES  
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PORTSMOUTH, N. H.  
Ask your dealer for them.  
BOTTLED IN PINTS AND QUARTS  
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AND  
PARLOR STOVES  
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Everything to be found in a First-Class Kitchen Furnishing Store, such as Tinware (both grades), Enamelled Ware (both grades), Nickel Ware, Wooden Ware, Cutlery, Lamps, Oil Heaters, Carpet Sweepers, Washing Machines, Wingers, Cake Closets, Lunch Boxes, etc.  
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CANDY CATHARTIC  
Candy Cathartic  
Genuine stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk.  
Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."



## BOWSER'S ANTIQUE.

HE GETS A RELIC IN THE SHAPE OF A HARE COLONIAL BUREAU.

Makes a Purchase of It to Please His Wife, but His Wrath Blazes High When She Is Skeptical and Refuses to Enthuse Over It.

(Copyright, 1922, by C. B. Lewis.)

WHEN Mr. Bowser was half way home the other evening, he suddenly remembered that he ought to buy a box of shoeblacking, and he left the car and stepped into a grocery. While he was being waited upon his eye caught sight of a bureau in the back end of the store, with drawers filled with potatoes, and after looking the affair over he asked with pretended carelessness: "How does it happen that you have such a piece of furniture in here?" "I took it on a debt of 50 cents," replied the grocer. "And I suppose you'll sell it for a dollar?" "If you want that bureau for a dollar, it's yours, and I will also deliver it." There was a struggle with conscience on the part of Mr. Bowser for a minute. No sooner had he set eyes on that bureau than he identified it as belonging to the colonial period and worth its weight in silver as an an-



SHE WAS AROUSED BY A CRASHING AND SMASHING.

tique. The grocer simply regarded it as so much old rubbish and would be satisfied with a profit of 100 per cent. Should he take advantage of the ignorance of the dealer in sugar and codfish, or should he give him honest information and plunk down \$20 in place of \$12? Conscience took a back seat, and the purchase was concluded at the dealer's own figure. Any grocer who will debate an old hickory by filling it full of potatoes deserves to be swallowed in its sale. The minute that Mr. Bowser reached home Mrs. Bowser felt sure that something had happened, and though she asked no questions, his nervous demeanor at the dinner table strengthened her belief. After the meal was finished he had an excuse to go to the front door every five minutes, and when a wagon at last drove up he went out to assist the boy in lifting the



"IF YOU WANT THAT BUREAU FOR A DOLLAR, IT'S YOURS."

old bureau into the house. It was shoved into the parlor, and he walked around, chuckling over it for a quarter of an hour before he was ready to say: "Mrs. Bowser, do you remember our visit to Mount Vernon and the tomb of Washington several years ago?" "Perfectly," she replied. "If going over the house we entered the room that used to be Mrs. Washington's bedroom, I believe?" "I'm sure you did." "And you coveted an article of furniture in that room and kept talking about it for weeks after?" "Yes, the bureau," she replied. "I did so want a bureau like that, but you said one couldn't be had for love or money. You haven't—haven't?" "When I call, you may come in," he said as he took up a match and passed into the parlor to light the gas. "Now, come on."

He extended his hand to Mrs. Bowser and led her up to the antiquity and stood by with a smile on his face as she surveyed it. As she said nothing for a minute or two, he observed:

"I can't truthfully say that this is the identical bureau used by Martha Washington, but you can see for yourself that it was made by the same man and is as like it as two peas. You are now in possession of the coveted article at last, and I suppose you won't care for diamonds or pearls?"

"Did you buy this for a colonial?" asked Mrs. Bowser as she backed off and sat down on a chair.

"Well, I didn't buy it for a 1901 bureau. Yes, I bought it for what it is—a colonial. It's a Martha Washington bureau right down to the ground. I haven't looked around for a date on it, but I presume you'll find 1776 or some other old time on it somewhere. Doesn't it give you a little feeling of

awe to stand in the presence of this old relic?"

Mrs. Bowser's face looked serious enough, but she didn't admit the awe, and he presently asked:

"What's the matter with you? I thought you'd jump over chairs when you saw this relic. Think of a piece of furniture a hundred years old, maybe a hundred and fifty! Where now is the colonial dame whose hands once folded away her clothes in those drawers? Do you suppose it ever crossed her mind that your hands would some day touch these time begrimmed handles?" "I don't think it ever did," replied Mrs. Bowser as she backed into the sitting room. "I wish I could have seen the bureau before you bought it."

"For what reason?"

"Because it isn't a colonial. It's only soft wood veneered over, while all the colonial pieces are solid. The bureau we saw at Mount Vernon was mahogany. It's simply an old rickety piece of furniture you've brought home. Examine it for yourself."

"And this is what I get for picking up an almost priceless antiquity!" he gasped.

"It's not an antiquity, Mr. Bowser. It's simply a common old bureau and was probably sold for about \$3 in the first place. Why do you buy things in this haphazard way?"

"Haphazard! Do you mean to tell me I don't know an old antique when I see one? When I run across an old

colonial, have I got to trot home and ask you to go and look it over for fear I'll be deceived? When or where did you post yourself about antiques?" "When or where did you?" she quietly asked.

"You hear me now—you hear me!" he shouted when he found himself boxed up. "By the jumping Jim Crow, if the whole household furniture of Benjamin Franklin should be offered me for 10 cents I wouldn't buy it! For ten long years I've been looking out for a Martha Washington bureau to please you, and now that by the rarest chance on earth I finally pick one up you dub it old rubbish and insist that I'm a fool."

"It was kind of you, but you see—" "I see nothing," he yelled as he cut loose—"that is, I do! I see that you've got about as much sentiment about you as an old sitting hen and that I ought to have brought you up a basket of claims instead. We won't discuss the matter further. I'll sell the bureau to-morrow for \$500. Perhaps you had rather be alone with yourself?"

Mrs. Bowser arose with a sigh and went up stairs, and when bedtime came she went to bed. It had come midnight and she was asleep when she was aroused by a crashing and smashing below. For two or three minutes it seemed as if the whole interior of the house was being torn out. Then the sounds ceased, a pungent dust came floating up, and she heard Mr. Bowser's evening to himself. Then she knew that the old colonial relic was no more on earth. M. QUAD.

**Business Troubles.**

Knicker—What makes the office boy so quiet?

Bocker—Thinks they're going to fire him.

Knicker—Well, why is the junior partner so gloom?

Bocker—Thinks they're going to freeze him out.—Brooklyn Life.

**The Only Way.**

"Ah, Reginald, dearest," she sighed, "but how can I be sure that you will not grow weary of me after we have been married a little while?"

"I don't know," he answered, "unless we get married and see."—Chicago Record-Herald.

**A Chip of the Old Block.**

"I can't get Willie Jaysmith to pay attention," said Miss Bunting, school teacher, to her father.

"He's just like old Jaysmith, then," replied Bunting. "He never pays any thing either."—Philadelphia North American.

**Society Note.**

**The Safe Plan.**

Traveling Man—A chop and a cup of coffee, quick! My train leaves in twenty minutes.

Waiter—Yes, sah; seventy-five cents, sah.

"Do you want pay in advance?"

"Yes, sah. You may be gone before I'm cooked, sah."

A young man whose standing in society is not good.

## LET US CONSIDER TEXAS

Marvelous Extent and Resources of the Lone Star State.

STRIKING VIEW OF OUR GREATNESS

Material and Mental Wealth of Americans Far Beyond Comparison—We Lead the Other Nations in Inventiveness and Are Courted by All.

No man's imagination can picture, however vaguely, the greatness of this nation and its supreme cause for thankfulness, says the New York Journal in a recent editorial on the greatness of the United States.

Consider the single state of Texas. "Lay Texas on the face of Europe, and this giant, with his head resting on the mountains of Norway, with one palm covering London, the other Warsaw, would stretch himself down across the kingdom of Denmark, across the empires of Germany and Austria, across northern Italy and have his feet in the Mediterranean."

Thus accurately and poetically the Rev. Josiah Strong describes the great state of Texas. Every American is part owner of the nation of which Texas is one feature. If the state of Texas as were as densely populated as is England today, it would contain over 130,000,000 of people. It could easily feed all of these.

It cultivated only reasonably well and with our present limited, primitive and ever changing agricultural processes, that single state could feed double the present population of the United States. After feeding all of these people on 150,000 square miles of its agricultural lands it could furnish the world's entire supply of cotton or double that supply if necessary, and in addition it would have cattle ranges, public parks and unimproved lands roughly fertile exceeding in area the territory of the state of New York; all of this without taking account of 30,000 square miles of inferior lands now looked upon as deserts, but undoubtedly reclaimable.

And all this without taking account of the untold wealth that lies beneath the surface of mighty Texas. Stored up for hundreds of centuries, there lies under Texas ground oil to heat and light the whole world, power to bring to her the half thousand million human beings who will live some day upon her bounty.

The United States is the greatest of nations because opportunity and fortune have dealt more kindly with us than with any other nation. One half of one single state—Texas—could easily take care of all the people of the nation. A thousand million souls could find homes, comfort and actual wealth here even with imperfect production and distribution, and still all of Alaska and hundreds of thousands of square miles of territory would be held as a reserve.

The material wealth of the American nation, its lands and mineral possessions are past our comprehension, but they are as nothing compared to the mental wealth of the nation. It is the brain of man, not the soil, that makes man's prosperity. In the American brain, happily free from prejudice, exempt from traditions, caste and fore-ordained social barriers, the nation finds its greatest wealth.

Herbert Spencer said: "Beyond question, in respect to mechanical appliances Americans are ahead of all nations." They are ahead of all nations because their brains invent. The American government issues at least four times as many patents as does the government of Great Britain, and American inventiveness lies not alone in the man who takes out a patent. It is even more important in the workman, who uses his brain and invents quick ways of finishing his task. Every man imbued with the American spirit is an inventor.

The great advantage of America resides in the fact that its men think as they work; that time and class discouragement have not combined to make machines of the individual national atoms.

Heine said of the English:

"If their machines are like human beings, it must be said that their human beings are like machines."

That cannot be said and will not be said of Americans until the national character shall change.

This nation, the most powerful in the world today, able to check any other nation's unjust ambition, courted by all, ruled by no individual man, still governed by the people, is a possession which should fill the national mind with pride, but with humble thanksgiving.

We have inherited a great fertile section of the world. We have been removed from the domination and influences of old and decaying powers. We have lived and worked free from superstition, free from accepted traditions. The old countries have given us the benefit of their best thought, the labor of their best men and women, and they have taken nothing from us.

Pride in this nation would be folly and ingratitude. Young America is like a boy that has inherited an enormous fortune. It should be grateful to Providence, filled with a desire to use rightly the power that is given to it.

Used at Judith's Coronation.

A part of the service used in the coronation of Judith, wife of Ethelwulf, king of Wessex, the first queen consort to be crowned queen in England, will be used, it is said, in the coronation service of Queen Alexandra.

On behalf of the war office Major Trollope, E. E. the balloon expert, has been appointed to witness the experiments with kites by Mr. S. F. Cody of Wise county, Tex., says the London Daily Mail. Mr. Cody will employ a half mile cable attached to three kites, he claims, will raise him in a suspended basket to a height of 300 yards, while his apparatus will enable him to navigate within a radius of 200 or 400 yards. Later Mr. Cody proposes to cross to France by means of kites attached by a two mile cable to a boat and a basket, the idea being to make a flying kite tow the boat across the channel.

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## PHOTOGRAPHY IN COLORS.

Professor Verill's Discovery May Mark New Era in the Art.

Professor A. Hyatt Verill's new discovery in color photography will, it is believed, when perfected revolutionize photography. He hopes in a short time to perfect it so that it can be used in portraiture, reproducing the natural flesh tints and the color of the eyes, hair, etc.

"I have worked five years to accomplish this," said Professor Verill to a New York World reporter the other day at New Haven, Conn. "The first result of my labor was the production by photochemical process of pictures in two colors. Since then I have succeeded in reproducing all the colors with the exception of light red, and this I hope to accomplish soon."

Heretofore the best thing that has been produced in colors is the three color half tone. This is a mechanical process, and in it the colors are bound to be exaggerated. With my process the most delicate tints are faithfully reproduced by strictly chemical action, and the blending of the shades is almost perfect. My process cannot be patented for the reason that much of it is already in common use. I intend therefore to keep the process a secret.

"Like the three color half tone process, it requires the production of three photographic negatives from specially prepared plates. The negatives must be precisely alike in development, focus and other points. The exposure in most cases requires at present at least half an hour, so that for portraits it is as yet not available, but I hope to materially reduce the time. But for landscapes on a still day or other copying paintings or geological or other specimens it is all that could be desired now."

"The process is all in the printing. Extra heavy paper is necessary to stand the strain of manipulation, which occupies about an hour, during which time the print is almost constantly immersed in solution. I have already kept some of the prints for as long as three months, and I see no reason why they should not keep indefinitely. I feel sure that the pictures can be produced at small cost."

In a short time Professor Verill will exhibit a set of his color photos.

**ROOSEVELT IN COLLEGE.**

One Who Remembers Him Tells of the President's Harvard Days.

General Curtis Guild, Jr., of Boston, who accompanied President Roosevelt on his trip west in the last national campaign, has an interesting article in a recent number of the Harvard Graduate Magazine on Roosevelt as a Harvard undergraduate. The president, who was a member of the class of 1880, was a good student, but, says General Guild, devoted much of the time that might have given him a higher standing to a wider course of general reading than was required by his collegiate curriculum. He graduated No. 22 in his class, however, and was a member of the Phi Beta Kappa, which includes those who are thought of as the whole to have done the best work during their four years of academic life. He also received honorable mention in natural history, and the story of how he dropped and scattered on the floor of a street car a package of lobsters that he had purchased for dissection was at that time one of the current college jokes.

General Guild has much to say about the personal traits of the president. He was able, for example, to read with intense interest in a room full of noisy fellow students. His chief studies were natural history, English, composition, history and political economy, subjects which he has followed up so notably in after life, and he was an editor of The Advocate, the weekly Harvard literary paper, as well as a member of some of the most notable Harvard clubs, both social and scholarly. In athletics he was an enthusiastic boxer, although it was necessary for him almost to lash his eyes against his head before entering a bout, a defect that he offset, however, by always taking the offensive. It is remembered also that he was one of a group in the class of 1880 that took the first decided stand against hazing at Harvard and did much to abolish the practice for good and all.

**LEGACIES FOR EMPLOYEES.**

Millionaire Tuffs Divided \$50,000 Among Four Hundred Men.

To the employees of the Boston branch of the American Soda Fountain company about \$50,000 has been given by the will of James W. Tuffs, millionaire soda fountain manufacturer, says the Philadelphia Press. To each of the five foremen and to each of the six men of the counting room \$500 is left. To each of 320 married men Mr. Tuffs gives \$200, and to eighty single men he gives \$100 each. To each of his domestic servants, other than those employed at his Blueburst estate, \$100 is given.

The bulk of the estate is left to his widow, son, daughter and son-in-law, all of them dead.

**On Behalf of the War Office.**

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## YOCK TIFFANY FOR A TRAMP

How Famous New York Jeweler Was Once Fed by a Shaker Sister.

Charles L. Tiffany, the late head of the great jewelry house in New York, was at Poland Spring House enjoying the Maine mountains and climate and one afternoon went for a long walk, says the Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph. He went on and on. At last he stopped to take his bearings. He was lost. Mr. Tiffany did what any sensible man would have done. He steered by the sun, and after an hour and a half of struggling through blackberry brambles and over beds of ferns and ground hemlock he came out on a rocky road. At the top of the next hill was a tiny village with snow white houses against the blue of the sky. Weary and worn he walked up to the place. His clothes were torn. The blackberry briars had scratched his hands and face.

Once in the village, he recognized the peculiar dress of the women and the long hair of the men. It was the Shaker village two or three miles from Poland Spring House. Over the door of one of the houses was "Trustees' Office. Visitors Are Always Welcome." Seeing a cool looking well with an old fashioned sweep, he went up to the door with the intention of asking for a drink.

Aunt Aurelia, one of the sweet faced, tender hearted elderesses of the village, answered the bell. The sight of the weary, travel stained stranger told its own story. No knight of the road was ever turned away from that hospitable door, and before the rich New Yorker realized that he was taken for one in distress he was seated in the quiet sitting room and the women in the Shaker kitchen below were hurriedly preparing a lunch in Aunt Aurelia's private dining room. Once or twice Mr. Tiffany was about to explain who he was and to say that he was a guest at the Poland Spring House, but she gave him no chance.

"It is a dreadful thing to be out of work, sir, but three should thank God there has thy strength and health," said Aunt Aurelia. "I am not exactly out of work, my good woman, but if there is anything I can do to help the community—" "Nay, nay! Thou art tired, and the men have finished the hay, 'thou shalt rest a little and then go thy way again."

After he had eaten his lunch and rested for a little while the famous jeweler finally set out on his journey over the hills. Sister Aurelia then quietly pushed a paper box into his hands. He took it wonderingly. "I hope that thee'll find work soon," she said cheerfully. "I hope so," said he, lifting his hat. Mr. Tiffany went down the road briskly, hugging the pasteboard box and wondering what was in it. At last, out of sight of the houses, he sat down on a stone and opened the box. Then he lay back on the grass and laughed, but tied the box carefully up again. It contained three ham sandwiches, four doughnuts, two pieces of apple pie and a glass of grape jelly.

That night Mr. Tiffany and a friend walked down to the shore of the lake and spread Aunt Aurelia's lunch on a flint rock and ate every crumb of it, while Mr. Tiffany told the story of his adventure.

A few days afterward a coach stopped at the trustees' office at the Shaker village. It was from Poland Spring. A liveried footman got down and handed a package to Aunt Aurelia when she came to the door.

"From Mr. Tiffany," he said and went away.

The Shaker sisters gathered around in the sitting room to see it opened. It was a three hundred dollar set of silver spoons, knives, forks, etc., each piece marked "Aurelia."

A card accompanied it:

In return for the kindness you showed me after my encounter with the blackberry briars last week.

CHARLES L. TIFFANY.

New York.

This souvenir is prized very highly by the Shakers. Aunt Aurelia tells the story and laughs to think that she mistook a rich New Yorker for a tramp.

**NEW STORY OF KIPLING.**

Connecticut Bishop Tells How Novelist Uttered Child's Prayer.

Bishop Brewster of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Connecticut, talking to Yale students at New Haven on "Robust Religious Faith," told an anecdote of Rudyard Kipling, whom he cited as an example of sturdy masculinity. He said:

"A trained nurse was watching at the bedside of Mr. Kipling when the author was in the most critical stage of sickness, and she noticed that his lips began to move. She bent over him, thinking he wanted to say something to her, and she heard him utter these words: 'Now I lay me down to sleep,' that old familiar prayer of childhood days. The nurse, realizing that Kipling didn't require her services, said: 'I beg your pardon, Mr. Kipling. I thought you wanted something.'"

"I do," faintly observed Kipling; "I want my heavenly Father. He only can cure me now."

"It is this masculine, robust religious faith that we see in Kipling's writings," added Bishop Brewster, "and it is a faith which the young men of Yale university may well carry with them in the performance of their daily work."

**A New Wrinkle In Baseball.**

Prayers were offered up recently at a Kansas college for the success of the college baseball team next season. They evidently believe, says the Memphis Commercial Appeal, in practical prayer in Kansas.

**Curious Earrings Worn.**

Freaks in Jewelry Are Becoming Popular in London.

Earrings are most decidedly fashionable again, says the London Mail, and the more so that it is the classes rather than the masses that are making the idea smart. Pear shaped pearls, headed by a cluster or a single diamond, are among the most exquisite patterns. There are oddities, too, in the way of earrings. One is a piece of pearl the size and exactly the shape of the thumb nail, which is worn clasped over the lobe of the ear, giving to that feature an appearance that is very vulgar at first sight. Many women put on earrings of odd and unique designs simply, it would seem, to attract attention to their pretty ears or the lovely curve of their throats. A singular pair is composed of one pink and one black pearl, both most beautiful specimens of the gem that is more fashionable than any other at the present time.

Here is the latest idea in engagement presents from a newly betrothed girl to her fiance. It is simply a golden key, which the young man is supposed to wear on his watch chain in memory of the day on which he first was permitted to stand on the threshold of his ladylove's regard. The notion is quite a pretty one and as a gage d'amour should find votaries. A very clever girl invented it for herself. Her dad from childhood had been key collector.

### EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

## Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sold for \$1.00 per box.

For Sale by F. B. Coleman.

### WEAK MEN Sexine Pills RESTORE VIGOR

This is the old reliable cure, sure and lasting, for Impotency, Insomnia, and Nervous Debility, including dizziness, troublesome dreams, drains and despondency, caused by excess, over-work or study. Sexine Pills clear the brain, add 8-24, check weakening losses and restore energy to every organ. \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes (with legal guarantee to cure or refund money) \$5.00. Book free. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale by F. B. Coleman.

## LAST MAN'S BROTHERHOOD

Sole Survivor of Thirty-two Drank a Toast to Himself.

Standing alone at the table in the dining room of his home in Philadelphia as the bell in Independence hall struck 12 the other night, Walter W. Bell drank to the memory of thirty-two comrades of the Last Man's brotherhood, of which Mr. Bell is the lone survivor, says the New York Herald.

The association was formed by thirty-three men connected with morning newspapers at a dinner on Feb. 16, 1856, in Barney Fields' old restaurant at the northeast corner of Ninth and Arch streets. It was then agreed that there should be a yearly banquet. All the members were men who delighted in good fellowship, who could tell humorous stories and sing the old songs effectively at the festive board. More than one had appeared on the stage.

At the first dinner a bottle of Madeira wine was corked up, placed in a basket, labeled and kept "for the last man." Its seal was not broken until the other night. Mr. Bell, who for a quarter of a century was the foreman of the composing room of the Philadelphia Inquirer, is sixty-eight years old, well preserved, in excellent health and the head of a real estate office.

Strangely enough, at the first dinner Mr. Bell proposed a toast to "the last man" and recited a few lines descriptive of the last day of the club. There was pathos in the answer to the toast made by Robert Dyball in a poem of his own in the following year entitled "The Cypress Crown." Then the author made bold to bid for the honor of being the last man. Mr. Dyball's bid was a strong one, but he was twenty-four years older than Mr. Bell and dropped out of the race eleven years ago when nearly fourscore years of age. His answer to the toast given by Mr. Bell concludes:

But chill is his heart, and his limbs scarce bear his weight as he rises before his chair. Yet he curls the mustache in order due. The said, and list, nearly through. He raises the glass to his shavened lip. And says the generous draft to sip. Then, sliding down, with pushed hand He makes the last note of our wasted band.

The date, his name, his senses drawn. "Mine, mine, alas, is the express crown."

**TRUSSES**

Having all the latest improvements in TRUSSES, combined with the "know how," enables us to guarantee satisfaction. Try us! If we fail to fit you, it costs you nothing.

A full line of  
**Shoulder Braces  
Supporters  
AND  
Suspensories**  
Always on hand.

**PHILBRICK'S PHARMACY**

## SPRING DECORATIONS ARE IN ORDER



now, and we have the finest stock of handsome wall papers, that range in price from 15 cents to \$5 per roll, suitable for any room, and of exquisite colorings and artistic patterns. Only expert workmen are employed by us, and our price for first-class work is as reasonable as our wall papers.

**J. H. Gardiner**  
10 & 12 Daniel St. Portsmouth

ESTABLISHED IN 1872.  
**C. E. BOYNTON,**  
BOTTLES OF ALL KINDS OF  
**Summer Drinks,**

Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Root Beer, Tonic, Vanilla, Orange and Strawberry Beer, Coffee, Chocolate and Soda Water in syphons for hotel and family use. Fountains charged at short notice.

Bottler of Eldredge and Milwaukee Lager, Porter, Redhead Cider, Cream and Stock Ale.

**ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED**  
A continuance of patronage is solicited from former customers and the public in general, and every endeavor will be made to fill all orders promptly and in a satisfactory manner.

**C. E. Boynton**  
16 Bow Street Portsmouth

**Gray & Prime**  
DELIVER  
**COAL**  
IN BAGS  
NO DUST NO NOISE  
111 Market St. Telephone 24.

**GEORGE A. TRAFTON,**  
**BLACKSMITH.**  
Horse Shoeing in all its branches. Particular attention given to interfering and over-reaching horses.  
Ship Work, Carriage and Tool Work of all kinds promptly attended to.  
Stone Tool Sharpening a Specialty.  
**NO. 118 MARKET ST.**

**THE HERALD.**

**MINIATURE ALMANAC,  
FEBRUARY 21.**

SUN RISES.....6:31 (MOON SETS.....05:38 A. M.  
SUN SETS.....6:25 (FULL MOON.....10:15 A. M.  
LENGTH OF DAY.....11:02 (TIDE.....10:10 P. M.)

Full Moon, Feb. 22d, 8h. 3m. morning, W.  
Last Quarter, March 2d, 8h. 3m. morning, E.  
New Moon, March 9th, 9h. 5m. evening, W.  
First Quarter, March 16th, 9h. 13m. evening, E.

**WEATHER INDICATIONS.**

Washington, Feb. 20.—Forecast for New England: Fair in southern, snow in northern portions Friday and probably Saturday, fresh northeasterly winds, increasing on the southern coast.

**MUSIC HALL BOX OFFICE HOURS.**

Open 7:30 to 9:00 a. m., 12:30 to 2, 5 to 6, and 7 to 8 p. m., three days in advance of each attraction. Tickets may be ordered by calling Telephone No. 37-2.

**FRIDAY, FEB. 21, 1902.**

**CITY BRIEFS.**

The P. A. C. minstrels will be beautifully costumed.

Mr. John Mitchell will assist the Court street choir Feb. 25.

Politics is becoming the all absorbing topic of conversation.

Have your shoes repaired by John Mott, 34 Congress street.

Snow slides were numerous Thursday and several runaways were narrowly averted.

Special theatre cars will be run to York Beach on Tuesday evening next for Way Down East.

Arrived, Feb. 21—Barge No. 19, from Baltimore, with 1600 tons of coal for J. A. and A. W. Walker.

There will be twenty-three performers in the "first circle" at the P. A. C. minstrel, and sixty-five in all.

The Portsmouth Athletic club spares no expense in the production of its minstrel performances.

The Maywood Athletic club has disbanded and its old quarters on Market street are again vacant.

The members of the local painters' union hold a supper this Friday evening at their headquarters in G. A. R. hall.

Music lessons on Violin, Cornet, Mandolin and Banjo, R. L. Reinwald, Bandmaster U. S. Naval Band, 6 Court street.

Young ladies of the senior class, P. H. S., will conduct an invitation dance at Conservatory hall next Tuesday evening.

Newell & Co., Photographers, will be open Washington's Birthday to make settings from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. rain or shine.

All the clothing and shoe dealers on two have agreed to close up at six o'clock evenings with exception of Saturday evening.

During Lent at the Church of the Immaculate Conception on Friday evenings a Jesuit father from Boston college will deliver a sermon.

Mr. Harold Noyes, the sweet voiced tenor, will sing one of the most beautiful minstrel ballads ever written, in the P. A. C. minstrel overture.

The tenement, No. 45 Pleasant street, recently remodeled, is offered for rent on moderate terms by W. C. Fraser, Agent, 26 Market, square.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Methodist church are busy preparing for an Easter sale which is to be given in Philbrick's hall in March.

On the Christian Shore line a gang of shovellers are employed all the time to shovel the snow which blows on the tracks between Bartlett street.

Energy all gone? Headache? Stomach out of order? Simply a case of torpid liver. Burdock Blood Bitters will make a new man or woman of you.

The sidewalks were never in such a terrible condition as at present. In some sections of the city it is next to impossible for pedestrians to pass with safety.

Hundreds of lives saved every year by having Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house just when it is needed. Cures croup, heals burns, cuts, wounds of every sort.

Sixteenth Annual ball of M. H. Goodrich, S. F. E. Co., No. 4, Friday evening, Feb. 21, 1902, in Peirce hall. Grand march at 8:30 o'clock. Joy and Philbrick's orchestra.

It's a mistake to imagine that itching piles can't be cured; a mistake to suffer a day longer than you can help. Doan's Ointment brings instant relief and permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

The address next Sunday evening at the Universalist church by H. C. Morrison, upon "Public Education; Its Plan and Its Possibilities," promises to be one of vast importance to our citizens generally, who are urged to be present and listen to the address upon this timely theme.

**THE GOLDEN EAGLES.**

Granite State commandery, Knights of the Golden Eagle, as evening elected the following officers: George P. Knight, G. C.; Charles C. Charben; V. C.; E. P. Gidney, C. of G.; G. E. M. Smiley, C. of T.; William Gallagher, K. H.; Arthur S. Johnson, K. P.; Charles W. Hanson, K. H.; R. M. Horlick, K. A.; J. Discor, K. P.; J. Hawes, S. of G.

**DARE DEVIL AT DOVER.**

Dover, Feb. 21.—Dare Devil, Thomas W. Lawson's recent purchase was brought here yesterday and taken to the Lawson stable at Granite State park, where Tom Marsh will have charge of him.

**DOWNING—MOODY NUPTIALS.**

Ceremony at Williamstown, the Groom Being From Portsmouth.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Moody of Riverside, Williamstown, Mass., was the scene of a quiet wedding on Thursday evening, when their daughter, Miss Luez Ama Moody, was married to Charles Leroy Downing of Portsmouth, a telegraph operator in the office of the Boston & Maine railroad yard in Williamstown.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. James E. C. Sawyer, pastor of the Methodist church, in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives and friends.

The bride's party descended the stairs and marched to a corner of the parlor where, beneath an arch of evergreen, the nuptial knot was tied. The wedding march was played by Miss Vera Darling of North Adams.

The couple were attended by Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Merriam, who preceded the bride and groom in the march, the party being led by the ribbon children, Melton Odell and Irene Noyes, relatives of the bride.

The bride's gown was of white satin striped albatross, with trimmings of white silk and ribbon, and she carried carnations. Her attendant was dressed in white chiffon, with pink ribbon trimmings.

The ceremony was immediately followed by a reception, which only the relatives and near friends attended. The couple left for Portsmouth, where they will visit relatives of the groom. They will also enjoy a trip to Connecticut before returning to Williamstown. They will reside with the bride's parents for the present.

Among those present at the wedding and reception were Mrs. F. W. Hartford and George Downing of Portsmouth, Mr. and Mrs. Burt Carl of Glens Falls, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fuller of Pittsfield, Mrs. Josephine Brown, Ralph Brown, Rose and the Misses Vezio, Mr. and Mrs. R. Richards of North Adams, among the gifts was \$50 in gold from Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Barker.

**THE LAST LECTURE.**

Sunday Evening, Feb. 23, in the Mid- dle Baptist Church.

The fourth and last lecture of the course will be given "The Form of the Master" is an old lecture, treated with the reverence that a subject so sacred demands. The pastor of a large Congregational church in Massachusetts on recently hearing the lecture, said: "It is unexceptionally the finest lecture I ever saw and heard."

It is not, however, an attempt to give an illustrated life of Christ or to present any new or original knowledge of that life. It has been prepared recently in an endeavor to show how the most eminent artists of many nations have given their noblest efforts to the portrayal of the life, character and teaching of our Lord and Master, to what an inheritance of nobility men have reached in depicting that sinless life; what an inheritance of nobility at the rich and powerful treasury of the church in the past has left to the Christian world of today.

The subjects have been selected with great care to illustrate the lecturer's point of view in the best manner and to include a great number of the world's masterpieces. The lantern slides have nearly all been made from the lecturer's own negatives of the best copies obtainable.

**OBITUARY.**

**John F. Greenleaf.**

Gaudin J. Greenleaf of this city was informed by a telegram this morning of the death, in Huntington, Pa., of his only surviving brother, James F. Greenleaf, at the age of about sixty years. The body will be brought to this city for interment.

**Horatio B. Hodgdon.**

The first death of the year in Newington occurred this Friday morning, when Horatio B. Hodgdon, an unfortunate individual, passed away there at the age of fifty-six years, two months and eight days. He leaves a number of relatives in other places.

**Mrs. Elizabeth A. Moulton.**

The death of Mrs. Elizabeth A. Moulton, wife of John Burt Moulton, and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Godfrey of Greenland, died in North Hampton very suddenly this morning, and her death has shocked the community. She was a young woman held in much regard and the circumstances were very sad. Her age was thirty-three years.

**TRAVEL INTERRUPTED**

The heavy gale which relented today for the first time since Monday's storm, proved a formidable adversary of the street railway, which for three days has been unable to keep its Hampton beach division free of drifts. Travel by trolley from Exeter to Portsmouth has during this time been interrupted.—Exeter Item.

**SPECIAL CAR TONIGHT.**

A special car will leave Wentworth Hall, Kittery, at twelve o'clock tonight, after the reception and dance of the Kittery High School Alumni association for members living in this city.

**OBSEQUIES.**

The funeral of Mrs. Phoebe S. Hussey was held at the home today at three o'clock. The officiating clergyman was the Rev. Clarence M. Seaman of the Advent Christian church. The interment will be in Milton Mills.

**Keep Your Bowels Strong.**

Constipation or diarrhea when your bowels are out of order. Cascarets Candy Cathartic will make them act naturally. Genuine tablets stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. All druggists, loc.

**PERSONALS.**

Mrs. Willis Chase is visiting in Boston.

John E. Rider has gone to Washington on a business trip.

Christopher Smart was in Manchester Thursday on business.

James H. McGlinchey of Portland is the guest of relatives in this city.

William G. Drew is passing a week's vacation at his home in Acton, Me.

James Goodrich is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Frank Greenough of Rye.

Miss Eva C. Stanley of Haverhill, Mass., is visiting friends in this city.

Mrs. Joseph Card of Daniel street has returned from a visit in Lawrence.

John L. Lawry has returned to this city, having completed his labors in Dover.

Mrs. William Hunter of Thornton street is restricted to her home by illness.

Messrs. Robert Kirkpatrick and Fred L. Wood passed Thursday in Boston.

Mrs. C. Frank Wells of this city is the guest of Mrs. G. Scott Locke in Concord.

Miss Georgie Lovering of Greenland is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Joseph Burke of Islington street.

Thomas Burke of Portland is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Tobias Burke, Pleasant street.

Mrs. Etta Hale, who has been spending the winter in this city, has returned to her home in Portland.

Mrs. I. C. Hanson of Islington street has issued invitations for cards on Wednesday afternoon, the 26th.

Mrs. John H. Bartlett has sent out invited for a card party at her home on State street this afternoon.

Mrs. William Buckley, who has been passing two weeks in this city, has returned to her home in Dorchester.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred P. Howard of Middle street left Wednesday, the 19th inst., for a visit to New York city.

Rev. George W. Gile will hold a special service at the Home for Aged Women Sunday afternoon at four o'clock.

Will L. Sabine of Boston will come to this city today to remain until Monday visiting his mother, Mrs. Ellen A. Lewis.

Arthur Cox has returned to his duties as railroad mail clerk, after paying a week with his family on Maplewood avenue.

Mrs. H. Carrie Lane and son, Arthur, of Kittery, are visiting in Stratham, called there by the death of Mrs. Mary A. Lane.

Robert Gregg, Mulberry street, has returned to his duties at the Boston & Maine baggage room after an illness of several days.

George W. Watkins of the New York Times is visiting his sister, Mrs. George E. Day of Franklin street, for two weeks.

Mrs. Winstow E. Mills of Greenland, Mass., is the guest of relatives in this city and she and her husband will make their home here.

Mrs. W. F. Courtney and Miss Josie Cumiskey of Lowell, who have been the guest of Mrs. E. H. March of 3 Union street have returned home.

Jackson M. Washburn, John Mitchell, Roland Hoyt, Caldwell and Washburn, Kennard W. Miller leave for Boston tonight to pass a few days.

The Rev. C. M. Seaman is in Boston attending the prophetic meetings of the Advent church, and has charge of the singing and the children's meetings.

Mrs. Belle Hubbard is passing a few months in Newburyport, coming to this city bi-monthly to attend to her duties as noble lady in Star lodge of Odd Ladies.

Mrs. F. H. Ward, Mrs. W. G. Mealon and Mrs. William E. Peirce passed the day in Boston on Wednesday and attended Florida at the Colonial theatre.

Miss Helen A. Newell entertained the whist club on Tuesday afternoon, and the favor, a silver piccolini spoon, was captured by Mrs. John M. Parlin. Refreshments were served.

John K. Eates of the First National bank leaves on Saturday on a spring vacation trip to the south. He will pass sometime in Pinehurst, N. C., and will visit Savannah and Charleston.

Mrs. Horace P. Montgomery of Middle street left Wednesday, the 19th inst., for a several weeks' visit with relatives at Washington. She was accompanied as far as Boston by Mr. Montgomery.

Mrs. S. A. Breed, who has been the guest of her son, G. Fred Breed, and her daughter, Mrs. W. L. Philbrick, this winter, has gone to New Haven, Conn., to visit her daughter, Mrs. S. B. Lay of that city.

E. B. Pillsbury, superintendent, and J. L. Merrill, general foreman, of the Postal Telegraph Cable company, were in this city on Thursday on business connected with the company's new office which is to be occupied about the first of March.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Williams, who have been passing their wedding trip in Portland and Skowhegan, Me., have returned to this city. They will be few days as the guests of the latter's brother, William O. Sides of Wilder street, before returning to Newburyport, where they are to reside.

An engagement which interests Washington and Portsmouth (N. H.) society and a number of people in Boston, is that announced last week of Miss Ida, the eldest daughter of Dr. and Mrs. John J. Berry of State street, Portsmouth, and Capt. Wm. I. Parker, United States marine corps, of Washington. Miss Berry is a handsome and brilliant girl, who leads in Portsmouth society and has hosts of friends. Capt. Parker was until a few months ago stationed at the marine barracks at the Portsmouth navy yard. He was ordered from there to Washington for examination preparatory to a promotion which he since received.—Boston Sunday Herald.

The Hughes family, singing and dancing comedians, will be one of the features of the P. A. C. minstrels.

**PIMPLES**

And other eruptions which mar the skin are more than a disfigurement and annoyance; they are a positive detriment to the business interests and social success of the man they mark. Other things being equal, the man with a smooth skin and clear complexion will find it easier to get a good position or a good wife than the man whose face shows the impurity of his blood. That's the real point. The blood is bad. And for that very reason any treatment which is designed to cleanse the skin must cleanse the blood.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cleanses the blood from the feed disease, and so cures pimples, boils, eczema, and other diseases which have their cause in impure blood.

The sole motive for substitution is to permit the dealer to make the little more profit paid by the sale of less meritorious medicines. He gains. You lose. Therefore, accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery."

"I have used your 'Golden Medical Discovery' in a case of scrofula, and cured it," writes Mr. W. D. Shamblin, of Remy, Cherokee Nation, Ind. Territory. "I took five bottles of it for my blood. I had 'ringworms' on my head and I would scratch them off and they would come right back, and they were on me when I commenced using 'Golden Medical Discovery' which took them away, and I haven't been bothered anymore."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the bowels and stimulate the sluggish liver.

**PROBATE COURT.**

Business Transacted in the County During the Past Week.

The following business was transacted in the probate court of Rockingham county during the week ending Feb. 20.

Administration granted.—In estates of Jeremiah W. Brown, Hampton; Charles M. Lamprey, administrator; Carlo E. Staples, York; John E. Staples, administrator; Harlan P. Johnson, Canaan; Joseph A. Johnson, administrator; Lucy Valley, administrator; Edmund Walley, Portsmouth; Albert B. Simpson, Windham; Norman B. Simpson, administrator; Elizabeth L. Jenkins, Portsmouth; William C. Jenkins, administrator; Horace W. Messerve, Danville; John T. Bartlett, administrator; Susan D. Orcutt, Chester; Lizzie D. Hooke, administratrix; Charles A. Wiggin, Stratham; Frank O. Tilton, administrator, with will annexed.

Will proved.—Of Sally Couch, Derry; Charles M. Heath, executor.

Inventory returned.—In estates of Abbie A. Atken, Derry; Isaac H. Morrison, Deerfield; Margaret A. Bunker, Exeter.

Receipts filed.—In estates of Frank B. Martin, Salem; Jane Rider, Portsmouth; Abigail D. Fullerton, Raymond.

Guardian appointed.—Helene Quay over George Quay, Derry; Mabel S. Walter, Seabrook, over Myron Felch, Ralph Felch and Ernest Felch of Seabrook.

Appraisers appointed.—In estate of Lydia F. Stacey, Portsmouth.

Name changed.—Mary T. Sleeper to Mary T. Smith, Derry.

Resignation.—Mary R. Wiggin as executor of the will of Charles A. Wiggin, Stratham.

Licenses returned.—In estates of Josiah Q. Cluff of Salem, Mrs. S. E. Goodrich of Portsmouth.

**BOARD OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN.**

The regular meeting of the board of mayor and aldermen was held at the city building Thursday evening, Mayor McIntire presiding.

The records of the previous meeting were read and declared approved.

The New England Telephone and Telegraph company petitioned for permission to lay poles at Christian Shore. This brought up quite a discussion in which Aldermen Vaughan, Phinney and Rand participated. Ald. Phinney thought the city government had been slack in granting permits in the past and that more care should be exercised. At the recent fires, the network of overhead wires had sadly interfered with the raising of ladders and getting at the flames. Ald. Vaughan was in favor of having all wires placed underground, where they belong. Ald. Rand stated that one of the New England telephone officials had informed him that it was not the intention to lay extra poles at Christian Shore, simply to replace old poles that were tumbling down with new ones. On motion of Ald. Garrett the petition was referred to committee on streets to report.

The city auditor's report of approved bills to the amount of \$1,551.15 was accepted and bills ordered paid.

Alderman Phinney called attention to the fact that the common council had no records of its meetings in their record book since November last.

The joint resolution sent down from the common council in regard to changing the compiled ordinances so as to admit payment of the firemen twice a month was read. On motion of Ald. Blaisdell the bill passed its first reading. Ald. Phinney was on his feet and raised a point of order. He claimed that the bill was not drawn properly and would not hold. Mayor McIntire decided the point well taken. Ald. Phinney promptly moved to adjourn for two weeks. Ald. Blaisdell called for a yeo and nay vote. The vote was a tie at four each and Mayor McIntire dissolved the tie by voting for the motion to adjourn.

**How Are Your Kidneys?**

Dr. Foster's Standard Pills cure all kidney ills. Sufferers from. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

Advertise in the Herald.

**RESOLUTIONS.**

On the Death of Sylvanus McIntire. Dept. Steam Engineering, Navy Yard, Portsmouth, Feb. 20, 1902.

Whereas, our fellow shipmate, Sylvanus McIntire, has been called away from his earthly labors by the grim messenger, and our further personal association with him thereby terminated, be it resolved:

That we shall ever cherish his memory as that of an upright man, skilled in his profession, honest in his dealings, generous in his nature and a loving father to his family.

That we deplore his loss to ourselves and to the government under which he was employed.

That we share with the members of his respected family the grief which now afflicts them.

That a copy of these resolutions be published in the daily papers of Portsmouth, and copies thereof forwarded to the bereaved family.

For the men,  
**JOHN W. HAYES,**  
Master Machinist.

On Death of Thomas Clements. Dept. Steam Engineering, Navy Yard, Portsmouth, Feb. 18, 1902.

Resolutions of the shipmates of Thomas Clements, who died suddenly on Thursday, Feb. 18, while being conveyed to his home:

As, by the hand of death, our fellow shipmate, Thomas Clements, has been removed from our midst, be it resolved:

That by his removal we have sustained a great personal loss, and the government, deprived of a valuable and faithful employee.

That we extend to his family our deep sympathy in their affliction.

That copies of these resolutions be forwarded to his family and published in the Portsmouth daily papers.

For the men,  
**JOHN W. HAYES,**  
Master Machinist.

**IN EFFECT MARCH 3.**

Portsmouth, N. H., Jan. 20, 1902.

We, the undersigned merchants of Portsmouth hereby agree to close our places of business at 6 p. m., every day except Saturday, the night preceding a holiday and the week preceding the Christmas holidays.

**HENRY PRYSER & SON,**  
**OREN BRADON & SON,**  
**C. E. SIMPSON,**  
**C. F. DUNCAN,**  
**F. W. KNIGHT,**  
**JOHN GRIFFIN,**  
**H. C. HEWITT & SON,**  
**PEITIGREW BROS.,**  
**M. P. ALKON,**  
**M. H. FAY,**  
**J. F. DERRY.**

The above closing will go into effect on March 3, 1902.

**PROSECUTED THE DEALERS.**

County Solicitor John W. Kelley was in Newfields Thursday, where he prosecuted the keepers raided by Sheriff Collis and his deputies. Peter Macchurphy was arraigned before Trial Justice Samuel Gardner of this city and was fined \$10 and costs of \$25 for selling malt liquor. He paid, A. J. McGlinchey was arraigned on the same charge and fined a like amount with the same costs. He appealed and furnished sureties to prosecute the same at the April term of court.

**NAVAL ORDERS.**

These naval orders have been issued:

Commander F. H. Delano, when discharged from treatment at Naval hospital, New York, granted sick leave until March 1.

Ensign C. R. Miller, detached from the Albatross and ordered to the Cincinnati.

Paymaster H. R. Sullivan, granted three months' sick leave.

**IS DANGEROUSLY ILL.**

The news concerning the condition of Miss Jessie Irene Wentworth is very discouraging today. She is reported to be in a most dangerous condition and there are but few chances of her recovery. We sincerely hope that the worst which is feared, may not occur, but that she may speedily be restored to health.

**PAINFUL ACCIDENT.**

The many friends of Mrs. Charles C. B. Allen, Union street, will be grieved to learn that she has sustained a severe fracture of the ankle by slipping on the ice on Wednesday, the 19th inst. She is now resting comfortably.

**Easy to Take  
Easy to Operate**

Be sure you're getting the best. Don't buy cheap, but buy the best. Hood's Pills.

**Hood's Pills**

Aunt Jernsha's Quilting Party

**AND SALE**

Under the auspices of the King's Daughters' Commercial with the Middle street and North Churches.

**Philbrick's Hall, Feb. 22d.**

A Harmon at 2:30 and a quarter before eight in the evening.

Admission—Adults 50c, Children 10c.

**ONLY FIRST-CLASS**

**Upholstery and Mattress Work**

**F. A. ROBBINS,**  
49 Islington Street.

**THE Underwood Typewriter**

**EVERY LETTER IN SIGHT.**

Principle New Writing Visible Speed Increased Touch Elastic Automatic Conveinences Actual Advantages

Operation Unchangeable Tabulating Rapidly Billing Speed Strength Maintained Actual Advantages

Examine the  
**UNDERWOOD**  
At the Herald Office

**LOW PRICES.**

Many people shout Low Prices. The prices are low—so is the quality of the goods. We say low prices and we back up the statement with a good strong reason. We can make the best clothing—make it as well as it can be made—at low prices, because our expenses are light and we have many patrons. There is no use throwing money away. There is no use paying any more for perfection than you have to. We will be glad to see you at any time.

**HAUGH,**  
**LADIES AND GENTS TAILOR**  
20 High Street.

**Old Furniture Made New.**

Why don't you send some of your badly worn upholstered furniture to Robert H. Hall and have it re-upholstered? It will cost but little. Manufacturer of All Kinds of Cushions and Coverings.

**R. H. HALL**  
Hanover Street, Near Market.

**COAL AND WOOD**

**C. E. WALKER & CO.,**  
Commission Merchants  
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

**Coal and Wood**  
Office Cor. State and Water Sts.

**Buy Now!**

We just received a new lot of:

Buggies of all descriptions, Milk Wagons, Steam Laundry Wagons, Stoves, Wagons and Stanhope Carriages.

Also a large line of new and second-hand Harnesses, Single and Double, Heavy and Light, and I will sell them at Very Low Prices.

Just drop around and look at them even if you do not want to buy.

**THOMAS McCUE,**  
Stone Stable, -- Fleet Street.

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